

lstrupkysigs special

VIKING UPLINK...

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In the frenzied months of the summer of '76 while the United States celebrated its 200-year experiment in Nationhood, an intent team of scientists and engineers held vigil beside their equipment monitoring the activities of two little spidery robots travelling towards, entering orbit and safely landing on the surface of our sun's fourth planet, Mars.

Viking I made touchdown on July 20, 1976 on the surface of Mars in a region located at 19.5N,34W called the Plain of Chryse. This event occurred seven years to the day from the first manned moon landing. Viking II landed on the Plain of Utopia, located 22.4N,225.8W on September 3, 1976.

Immediately upon landing both Viking crafts began transmitting data and photos to the JPL "Earth Base." At this time Viking II is in winter hibernation. This article describes the communication system between Viking I and the scientists. The programs published here are actual printouts of "conversations" with the lander during the evening of June 23, 1977.

This communication is effected through three modes: REC-recorded through the orbiter, RCE-relayed through the orbiter and DCS-direct to earth from the lander. A sol is a Martian day. A signal travels through space an average of 18 minutes.

-editor

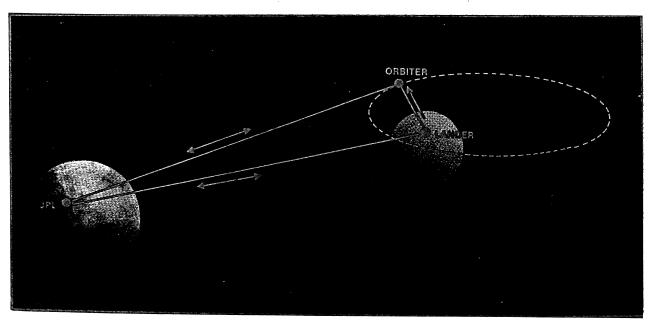
INTRODUCTION

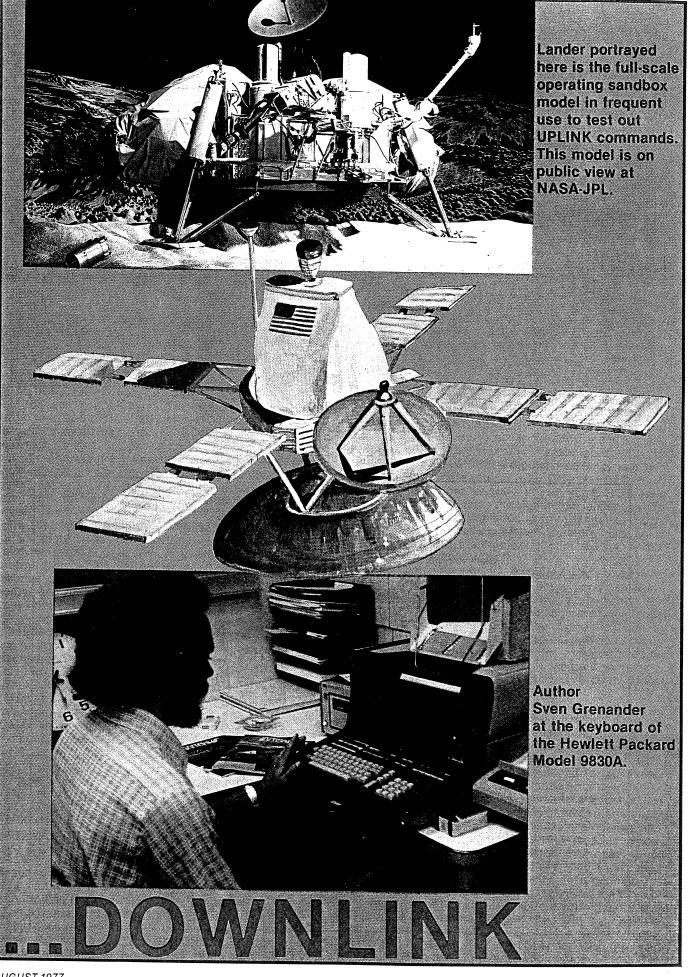
The Viking Project provided the world with yet another couple of impressive displays of current space

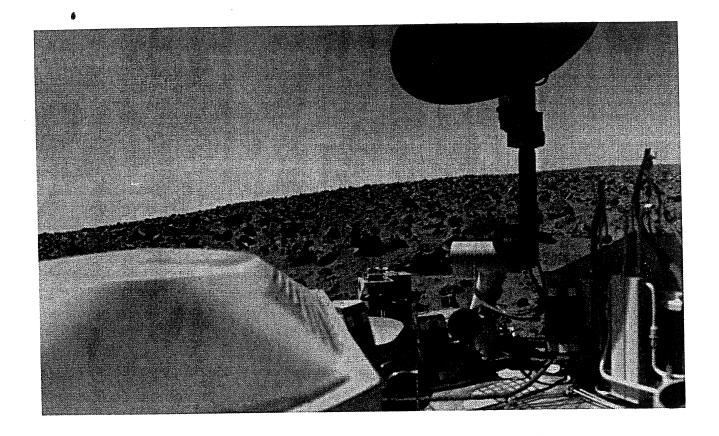
technology as two highly sophisticated spacecraft were softly and perfectly placed upon the Martian surface in the summer and early fall of 1976. The landing caught the attention of not only scientists around the world but also that of a public which had gradually become complacent about the exploration of our solar system. We were about to get our first close look at the surface of the planet which has traditionally been the home of our closest non-terrestrial neighbors, the Martians. Unfortunately no green aliens have yet been sighted and the Viking biology experiments have still to yield any conclusive evidence for or against the existence of Martian organisms.

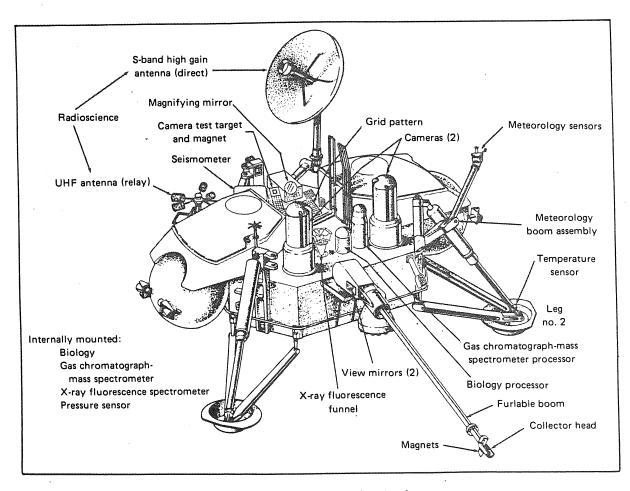
As the last of the biology experiments were exhausted, so was public interest and Viking started its inexorable drift into the shadows of history. None the less, on the Martian surface there are still two very active landers neither of which has shown any sign of wishing to fade into history quite yet. At the time of this writing, one lander (VL-2) is in a state of partial hibernation while weathering out the severe Martian winter. The other (VL-1) is still actively digging in the soil as evidenced by an ever-growing number of surface sampler trenches seen in the pictures taken by the lander cameras and returned to earth every few days.

Three desktop computers are playing an integral part in this successful operation of the surface samplers and lander cameras. These computers are employed by the surface sampler and lander imaging teams in the generation and checking of all planned sequences









-External features of the Viking Lander.

which are to be sent to the landers. The process requires a great deal of precise bookkeeping and the equipment has to be available at any time without prior notice. Minicomputers were chosen for the task because of their stand-alone nature which in effect gives them a higher degree of reliability than larger systems which must be shared with other users and which would require a major effort to be brought back into operation in the event of a systems crash.

The computers used are Hewlett Packard 9830A's, two of which have INFOTEK memory boards while the third has a Hewlett Packard memory. The INFOTEK cores were chosen because INFOTEK could offer 16K words of memory, whereas Hewlett Packard could only provide 8K at the time of purchase. Even 16K is somewhat inadequate and has strongly influenced the structure of the programs used. The relative slowness of the machines has also caused problems at times, but even so, the wisdom of choosing minicomputers for the job can hardly be denied. Their ease of operation and almost trouble-free history has more than made up for their lack of size and speed.

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

The computers are Hewlett Packard Model 9830A's which program in Hewlett Packard BASIC. The 9830 has an internal cassette drive which holds a tape with a capacity of about 32K words, twice the maximum memory available.

The INFOTEK memory boards are model EM-30 and hold 16K words or 32K bytes. The memory was supplied with a fast BASIC ROM also by INFOTEK. The special operations available with the ROM will be outlined below.

A remote cassette memory is also being used. It is another Hewlett Packard product, Model 9865A. The remote cassette drive has the unexpected advantage of being able to mark 10% more files than the internal drives.

The Plotter is a Hewlett Packard 9862A with a plotter surface of 10 by 15 inches and an electrostatic platen which has turned out to work very well. The plotter uses felt-tip pens which is probably all that is needed because of the accuracy available in the pen movements. Any finer writing instrument would tend to increase the visibility of the plotter steps.

A general design phone coupler is also used at times to interface the HP with the other machines. The interface has not been used as extensively as was expected because of the selfsufficiency of the HP and the low baud rate available.

The ROMS used were, the fast BASIC supplied by INFOTEK, a plotter control ROM by HP, an advanced programming I ROM by HP, an advanced programming II ROM by HP, a data communications I ROM by HP, a data communications III ROM by HP, an extended I/O ROM by HP, a string variables ROM and a matrix operations ROM.

The fast BASIC ROM supplied a *send* function which sends the contents of one array of matrix into another without requiring that a BASIC loop be set up—and at 200 times the speed of the equivalent loop. It also made it possible to program the choice of printall which determines if all displays are to be printed or not. And it also gives a Frac command which is the inverse of the INT or Integer command.

The plotter control ROM serves the obvious function of controlling the operation of the plotter.

The advanced programming I and II ROMS have overlapping features and the AP II ROM was discarded in favor of the more useful fast BASIC ROM. The functions provided are: *transfer* which puts string variables into numerical strings, *sort* which is used to sort numeric or string arrays, the *beep function* which allows a beep to be programmed so as to alert the operator of something which has to be done or to indicate that the program has reached a certain point in its execution.

The data communications ROM supplies the text option which allows text to be entered in to a program-type file. It also allows the other features necessary for telephone or hardwire communications with other computer installations.

The extended I/O ROM is intended for use with peripherals which were never acquired such as digitizers, card readers and the like.

The string variables ROM is needed to allow alphanumeric inputs and processing. Without it all inputs would have had to be numeric which would have proved very cumbersome.

The matrix operations ROM is used for all matrix operations which would otherwise have had to be ruled out.

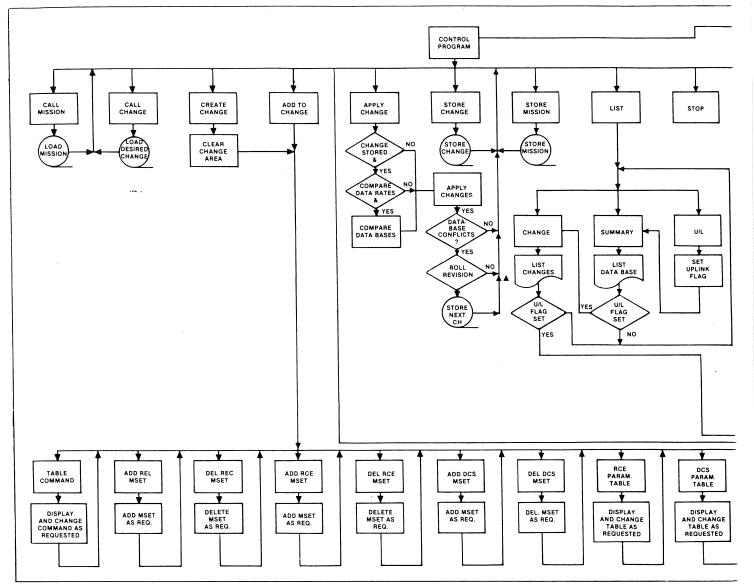
The machines are used mainly in the generation of SIPS, the medium through which the science teams communicate their instructions to the rest of the project and ultimately to the landers. The acronym SIP stands for Science Instrument Parameter listing and a description of its contents and generation requires that a brief introduction be given as to how the science teams control their instruments.

Communications with the spacecraft are divided into UPLINK and DOWNLINK where UPLINK is the use of a radio link to send commands up to a receiving spacecraft and DOWNLINK is the use of a link to return data to earth. UPLINKS are grouped into cycles, each cycle spanning about two weeks' worth of lander activity and usually having two to three UPLINKS associated with it. DOWNLINKS occur with less regular frequency and use three modes of data return; RCE, DCS and REC. Both RCE and DCS links operate in real time, RCE links employ an orbiter to relay the signal from lander to earth and DCS links transmit directly from lander to earth. REC DOWNLINKS use an orbiter to store and delay transmission until a suitable link can be established, REC is short for "recorded."

At the beginning of the planning for a cycle the science teams are given the UPLINK and DOWNLINK schedule and are told how many UPLINK words are available for instrument control and how many megabits of data can be downlinked. It is then up to the teams to agree how these allocations are to be split up between the different experiments in order to maximize the return of useful data and to start laying out sequences which can be accommodated within the given allocations.

These sequences are put into SIP form by coding all instructions in a format which can be read by the project computers responsible for further encoding, testing and finally radio transmission. Depending upon the instrument concerned, the SIP will also contain other pertinent information which may be needed for an understanding of the contents and possible error searching.

The teams hand in their first SIP at what is called the preliminary SIP port and a number of computer simulations are run to determine if there are any problems. The problems which will turn up are usually scheduling conflicts or allocation overruns. Each science team is responsible for checking the output of a simulation called LSEQ (Lander SEQuence of events) to determine for which if any problems they are responsible. If a team is involved in a conflict it will have to rewrite the SIP and resubmit it at the final SIP port after which all simulations are rerun and another LSEQ run is produced. If problems still remain in the final LSEQ run, then the team will once again have to rewrite and resubmit the SIP at



the adaptive SIP port and all simulations are rerun a third time. There is still one more chance to correct the SIP after the adaptive LSEQ run has been reviewed. That is at the late adaptive SIP port, but such corrections are avoided if at all possible because there is usually insufficient time to run the simulations between the late adaptive SIP port and the time of the actual UPLINK.

For each lander there are usually upwards of three SIPS in a state of flux at any one time. The process of sequence generation, checking and rechecking requires so much time that two consecutive cycles have to be in a state of planning and simultaneously giving rise to a situation which lends itself to momentary confusion and numerous mixups. However, it is to the credit of this cautious, if somewhat cumbersome system, that both landers are as operational today as they were upon the day of landing.

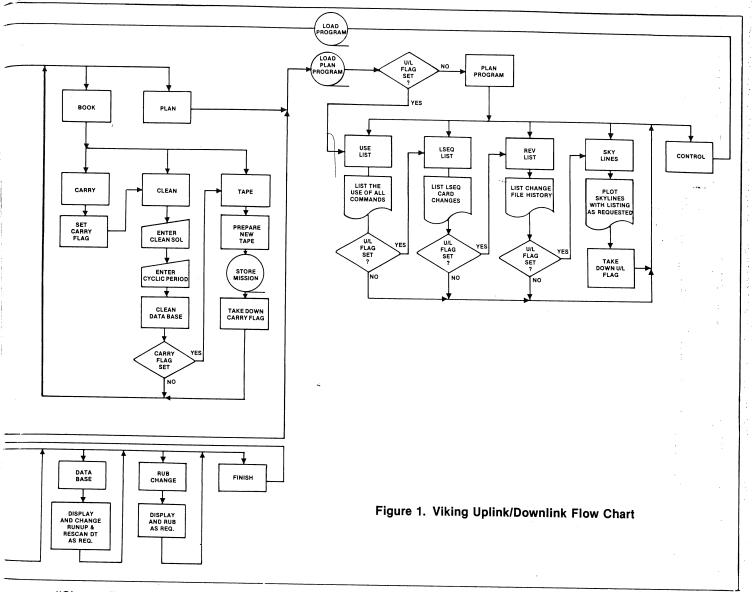
The bookkeeping task is further complicated by the cumulative nature of the UPLINKS. Each UPLINK changes the contents in the on-board computer into a configuration which will cause the planned sequence to be executed. Thus any change in any one UPLINK has to be rippled down through the bookkeeping of all successive UPLINKS so that the changes planned for later UPLINKS are indeed applicable to the on-board computer load at the time of the UPLINK.

THE PROGRAM

The lander imaging team uses the program which is

flowcharted in Figure 1 and listed in Figure 2 (see page 78) to track the data base in the on-board computer and to generate the SIPS needed for future changes and sequences. The program was written in the spring of 1976 when prelanding exercises showed the impossibility of manual tracking. The principal author of the program is William R. Patterson of Brown University who managed to write the code in addition to his other responsibilities as a camera engineer. The program is still being tweaked on an almost weakly basis to further improve its performance. Most of these changes have to do with additional tasks which should be incorporated but others are made to speed up the running or simplify operation.

The program actually consists of two programs because of size limitations of the memory. The programs are loaded into memory as needed and are called control and plan. The control program contains all the bookkeeping operations and some listing routines; plan is only used to generate listing and plots. The programs are written in Hewlett Packard BASIC which is very similar to most other forms of BASIC or FORTRAN. A Hewlett Packard remote cassette memory is used to hold the programs during use and the internal cassette drive is reserved for the data tapes holding the UPLINKS. One data tape is used for each UPLINK, each tape holding a small bookkeeping file, a data base file (the data base as it should appear after the previous UPLINK), and twenty change files. The data base is referred to as the "Mission" in the program while the change files are called



"Change." Because of two-program interfacing it is necessary to hold the Mission file and current Change file in common memory, the Mission being array Pl(186,10) and the Change being Cl(101,11). The "I" in the array name designates that the arrays are of integer precision, once again because of storage space shortage. Figure 3 is a listing of a typical Mission file and shows how some data compression had to be used to fit the whole mission into a matrix of size 186 by 10. Figure 4 shows the corresponding Change file and how it is structured.

The structure of each tape is shown in Figure 5. Each Change file contains all the changes present in the previous Change file unless the change was created from scratch or previous changes have been selectively rubbed as described in a later section. A Mission file is generated by applying all the changes in a designated Change file to the data base which resides in the onboard computer before the UPLINK. This apply operation will also be discussed in greater detail further on.

GENERATION OF A SIP (Science Instrument Parameter)

PREPARING AN UPLINK TAPE: The generation of a SIP starts with the red-lining of a markup copy. The markup copy is a copy of the data base as it should appear after the previous UPLINK and red-lining it simply means that the copy is altered by marking the desired changes in red. This red-lined copy is given to the data base tracker

who pulls out the program tape and loads the control program into memory and also into the special key functions which are used to speed up the entry of repetitious program commands. If this red-lined copy is the first of an UPLINK, the previous UPLINK tape will be put into the internal cassette drive and the command "Call MI" will be entered in response to the prompting by the computer: "Enter control level command." "Call MI" is short for "Call Mission" and causes the loading of the Mission file from the UPLINK tape in the tape drive. The program will ask for another control level command after the mission has been loaded and this time the entry will be "Call CH" which causes a Change file to be loaded. The program will come back to ask "Latest change?" to which the answer is usually "Y" or "Yes." If the answer is "No," the program will respond "Enter desired REV NO." and the number of the desired Change file has to be entered. To assure that the correct file is being pulled, the program prints the number of the Change file requested, who generated it and when, then asks if that is indeed the correct file. When the Change file has been pulled the operate will answer "apply CH" to the program prompting. The program will ask if a "Database Compare" is required to which the answer is almost invariably "Yes." The apply operation causes all the changes to be applied to the data base, giving the UPLINK as it would look after the UPLINK. The Database Compare option searches through the data base and Change file to make sure that no changes have been rolled into the

data base which would cause the changes to be invalid as they stand. The program will enquire if a "REV Roll" is desired in the case of a data base conflict. In the case of a REVROLL the computer can fix the Change file so that it will match the current data base, at other times the program will not know how to make the fixup and will simply list the problem areas, leaving it up to the operator to make the fix.

The above sequence "Call MI", "Call CH" and "Apply CH" will give the data base of the uplink which was handed over as the red-lined copy. To get a tape to operate on for this desired uplink the operator enters into the "Book" subsection of the control program by answering "Book" to the control level command prompting. The program will ask for a "Bookkeeping Command" to which the answer is "Tape." The tape command will cause the program to request that a blank (or old tape) be put in the internal drive in place of the one used to generate the data base. Once this tape has

been put into place and the program has been instructed to "continue," the calculator will proceed with the marking of the tape into files of the size and number needed. The mission in the calculator will be stored in the Mission file and the operator will be asked who he is, what the data is and which UPLINK tape has just been prepared. All this additional bookkeeping information is also stored on the tape before the program returns to the control section.

CREATING A CHANGE FILE: After an UPLINK tape has been prepared as described above the operator can proceed with the creating of a Change file in accordance with the instructions on the red-lined copy. The program will still be in the control section after the completion of the "Tape" command issued in the previous section and the operator will input "Create CH" in response to the prompting by the calculator. "Create CH" causes the Change file in the calculator to be set to zero so that a

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new set of changes can be entered. Figures 6a and 6b show how the data base is listed in the data base summary and this is the listing which has been red-lined. The operator goes through the listing and performs the changes required.

COMMAND TABLE CHANGES: Command table changes are made by keying in "Table C" in response to the prompting by the calculator: "Enter Change Command". "Table C" and most of the other Change commands have been stored on immediately executing special keys so that the operator does not have to spell it out every time. The calculator will respond to the Change command by asking what is the "Command Number." The answer will be any number from 1 to 99 which will cause the display of the data base gain of the command in question. If the gain is correct the operator hits the space bar execute; if not, the correct gain is keyed in. The DR (Data Rate), CH (photosensitive diode #), MD (mode of sampling), OFF-SET, DCI (Dark Current Inhibit), "Start Azimuth," "End Azimuth" and elevation pointing angle of the camera are all gone through using the same technique. Space bar for "No change" and corrected value if there is a change.

RECORDED MSET CHANGES: The recorded MSETs control the execution of the commands listed in the command table and are structured as shown in the recorded MSET listing shown in Figure 7. Unlike the command changes, the changes to the recorded MSETs have to be in the form of a "Delete MSET" or "Add MSET". Once again the special function keys are used, "Add MSET" being used to add and "Del MSET" being used to delete. A new MSET is entered by giving the sol (Martian day since landing), hour, minute and second of the MSET upon request. Next the cyclic status of the MSET is entered as is the command number and camera. If cyclic is given as 1 that will cause the MSET to be automatically repeated every 20 days, otherwise it would only be used once. The command number called is the same as that listed in the command table and the choice of camera 1 or 2 depends for which the command was designed. The last inputs are "Pre-Cal," "Post-Cal," "Stow," "Rescan," and "Dust." PRE-CAL and POST-CAL will cause the camera to perform a calibration before or after the picture is taken. The Stow option causes the camera to stow behind the protective post after the execution of the command so as to avoid unnecessary exposure to the atmosphere and dust. Rescan is an option which will cause the camera to scan one azimuth line repeatedly at the end of the picture. The duration of the Rescan is determined by the RESCAN DT given at the end of the data base summary. The Rescan option is used to detect any motion in or across the line which is imaged. The Dust option controls the dusting of the camera window, an operation which is performed by a small nozzle placed above the window which blows CO2 across the window to clear it of dust if needed. Recorded MSETs are deleted in the same manner as they are added but only requiring that the time and camera be

ADDING AND DELETING DCS AND RCE MSETS: DCS and RCE MSETs are different from REC MSETs in that they do not explicitly cause a command to be executed but refer to an RCE or DCS parameter table to get the command number to be used. The duration of the image, the camera number and the "Stow" or "No-Stow." The MSETs are entered and deleted by using the appropriate special function key; ADD RCE, DEL RCE, ADD DCS and DEL DCS. Whatever the operation, the input will be the sol, hour, minute and second of the MSET and the parameters and options to be used.

RCE AND DCS PARAMETER CHANGES: The parameter changes are made by executing the appropriate special function key, then specifying the parameter and option

to be changed. The program is written the same way for parameter changes as for command changes in that it displays the current value of the command, duration, camera and stow and expects a space bar execute in the case of "no change" and a corrected value if there is to be a change.

DATA BASE CHANGES: This change of the data base refers only to the portion containing the RESCAN DT and "Runup.Rescan" listed at the end of the data base. Executing the special function key "Data Base" will cause the current value of the RSCN.DT to be displayed as for command changes, then the "Runup.Rescan" will be displayed expecting the same kind of action, space bar or correct value.

THE RUB FUNCTION: "Rub" is used when a change is to be deleted as opposed to something already contained

	1337099 13390999 133909 133909	13309
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Figure 4. Viking Uplink Change File — 330 Dated June 23, 1977.

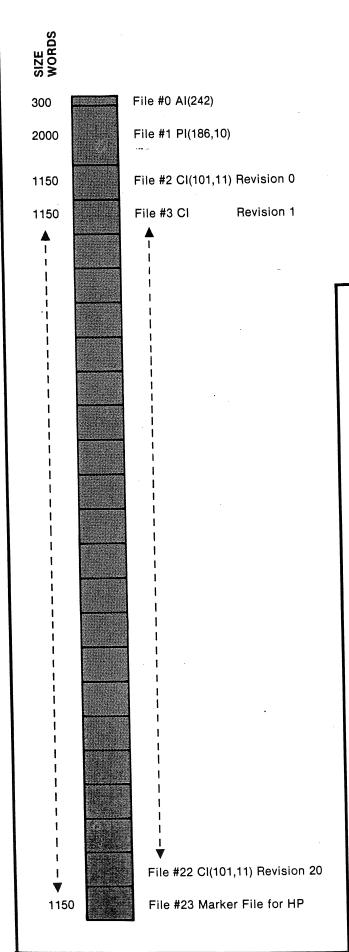


Figure 5. The UPLINK tapes contain a total of 24 files. The first file holds the array Al(242) which is used for tape bookkeeping. It includes the most recent revision of the previous UPLINK and the sol of said UPLINK, the number of the operator who created the tape, the date on which it was created and the same information for each of 21 possible Change files which may have been stored on the tape.

The second file holds the mission, i.e. the result of the previous UPLINK as it currently stands or as it was when the mission was most recently rolled forward. The file size is 2000 out of which 1860 are used by the 186 by

10 integer precision P matrix.

The next 21 files are used to store the Change files. Each file having a size of 1150 out of which 1111 is used for the 101 by 11 C matrix. The HP refers to the first file as file 0 so that Al is stored in 0, Pl is stored in 1 and the changes are stored in 2 through 22. There is also one empty file at the end of each tape with the same size as the previous file. This is only a marker file used by the HP to find the end of the tape for further markings.

in the data base before the UPLINK. If an MSET has been entered incorrectly the special function key used to enter the MSET is once again used but this time in upper case. The program will display the added MSETs as they are stored in the Change file and ask if the change currently displayed is the one to be rubbed. The answer is either "Y" for "Yes" or space bar for "No." Table command changes are rubbed by first executing the "Rub" special function key, then entering the number of the command change to be rubbed plus 1000. (Figure 2: See lines 1220 through 1310).

RCE parameter changes, DCS parameter changes and Data Base changes are most easily rubbed by rechanging the values back to what they were originally and then letting the data base compare in the Apply program find the null change and erase it with a REV roll as outlined earlier. These changes can be rubbed using the rub function directly but it involves entering a calculated

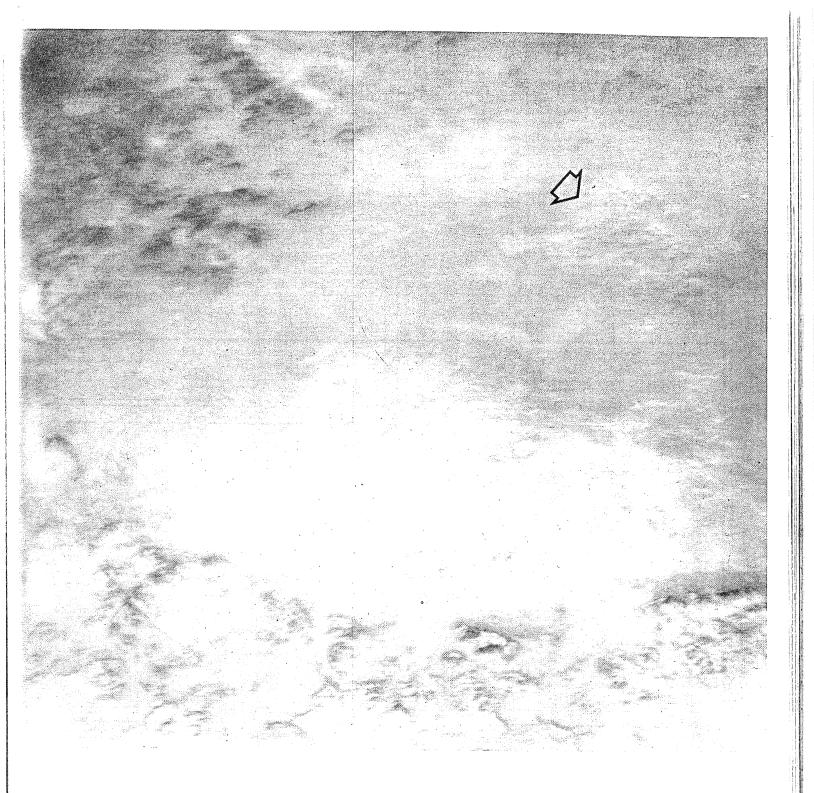
value which is usually impractical.

FIN OR FINISH: The FIN operation is used after all changes have been entered and the change section of the program is to be exited. The operation causes the changes to be sorted and rubs to be executed.

ADDITIONAL COMMANDS — CONTROL

ADD TO CHANGE: "Add to" is used if a Change file is to be added to, as opposed to being created from scratch. Since the SIP generation is iterative it usually takes between 5 and 15 revisions to get a product which is acceptable. When a Change file is added to it will contain all its initial changes in addition to any that are added with the exception of changes which have for some reason been rubbed in the adding to process. All operations are the same when making changes after the "Add to" command as they were after the "Create CH" command given above.

APPLY CHANGE: The Apply option is used to apply all changes in the current Change file to the data base in the current Mission file. This operation is quite time consuming. It usually took between 5 and 45 minutes during the primary mission and still takes up to five minutes today with the use of the *send* command supplied by the fast BASIC ONE ROM from INFOTEK. The send command shifts the contents of arrays at a speed which is up to 200 times faster than the equivalent BASIC loop and is one of the commands which is not usually available to the BASIC user. The use of the "Apply CH" was outlined in the section describing how uplink tapes are prepared but one feature was not mentioned. The apply change will not allow a data base com-



Viking photographs a Martian dust storm. In this picture from Viking Orbiter 2, a turbulent, bright dust cloud (arrow) more than 300 kilometers (186 miles) across can be seen inside the great Argyre Basin. It is apparently moving eastward under the influence of strong winds that also create condensate lee-wave clouds to the west of the basin. This is the first color picture of a dust storm taken from a spacecraft orbiting the planet. Large depressions like Argyre and Hellas seem to be favored locations for the formation of dust storms. The great Argyre Basin in the southern hemisphere of Mars is one of several enormous depressions created by the impact of large asteroids early in the planet's history.

pare if the Change file being applied has not been stored first. The reason for this is that confusion would arise if database conflicts were found and corrections stored before the initial Change file had been stored.

STORED MISSION: Store MI is used to store the result of an apply on the UPLINK tape following the one in which the apply was performed. The apply will have produced a Mission file which will look like the one on the on-board computer after the UPLINK and that is therefore the data base of the subsequent UPLINK. The number of the operator, the data and UPLINK number will also be stored along with the rest of the mission. (Figure 7)

STORE CH: Store CH is used to store the change currently residing in the computer and as with the "Store Mission" command the operator number, data and UPLINK sol are also stored. The number of the revision is internally tracked and stored along with the rest of the information.

LIST: There are three list options in the control program: Change, Summary and U/L (for UPLINK). "Change" causes the listing of the current change file to be listed as shown in Figure 8. Summary gives a listing of the

data base or mission currently in memory as shown in Figure 7. U/L is used when a whole UPLINK package or SIP is to be produced. It will generate both the Change listing and the Summary listing while being in the control program, then call in the plan program and list the LSEQ summary, Use List REV record and Skyline listings and plots as described in the plan section below. The operator is asked to give the date and time of the listing so that the different listings can be identified. A problem which occurred with some frequency before this addition was made was that two listings existed with the same revision number but with different missions as the base and it was not always apparent which was the most current one.

BOOK: The tape option in the book subsection was described above. There are two more options: "Clean" and "Carry." The Clean operation is used to clean out all MSETs out of the data base which are no longer of any use because they have already been executed. It is easy to see that MSETs would keep adding up in numbers forever if the "clean" operation were not available. The Carry option simply performs the "clean" and "tape"

JUNE 23, 21:20 TRANS. MODE?REC PICT. CLASS?ALL PLOT??Y PLOTTER CONT

JUNE 23, 21:20

LIST OF ALL IMAGES BY REC MODE OF TRANSMISSION FROM RCE ON SOL 336 TO RCE SOL 338 PER VL 1 U/L- 330 REV. 8

RECORDED IMAGING

MECOMBE	Difficulty C.						
NO.	TYPE CAM. PIC. ON SOL 337	AZ.	END EF AZ.	PA TIME HR.:MIN	CMD.	BITS (10†6	DUR.
1	SUN 1 GAIN: 0	247.5	250.0 14	1.4 9:∴44 Daily am sun I	40 NIODE	0.23	14.53
2	BLU 2 GAIN: 2	185.0	187.5	3.0 18: 41 SKY COLOR, OZO	54	0.09 ′	5.64
3	GRN 2 GAIN: 2	185.0	187.5 10	0.0 18: 43 SKY COLOR, OZO	55	0.09	5.64
4	BLU 2 GAIN: 1	185.0	187.5 1	3.0 18: 45 SKY COLOR, OZO	56	0.09	5.64
5	GRN 2	185.0	187.5 1	0.0 18: 47 SKY COLOR: 070	57 ONE STUD'	0.09 Y	5.64
6	BLU 2	185.0	187.5 1	0.0 19: 18 SKY COLOR, OZ(58	0.09	5.64
7	GRN 2	185.0	187.5 1 REASON:	0.0 19: 20 SKY COLOR, OZO BITS THIS MODE	59 ONE STUD	0.09 Y	5.64
IMAGES	ON SOL 338	}					
8				4.4 9: 44 DAILY AM SUN			14.53
9	BB1 2 GAIN: 3	150.0	155.0	0.0 12: 24 SURFACE SAMPL	48	0.45	27.86
10		27.5	35.0 -1	0.0 12: 53 FUNNEL THROUG	49	0.66	41.20
11	SUR 2	152.5	162.5 -3	0.0 13: 5 SURFACE SAMPL	17	0.30	18.98

TOTAL BITS THIS MODE:

2.42

command sequentially so that the operator does not have to sit idly by waiting for the tape program to come back with questions every five or ten minutes.

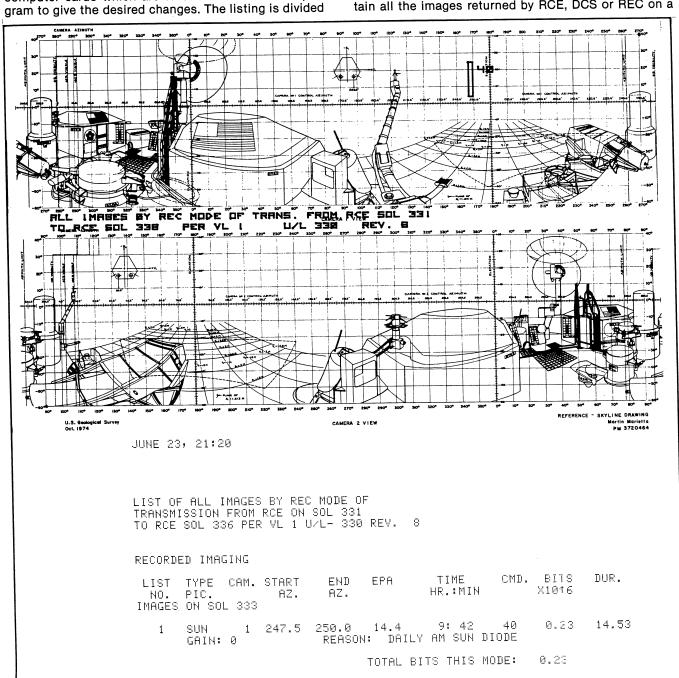
PLAN: Plan is the last command to be executed in the control section of the program. It causes the plan program to be loaded, giving access to the options available in that program. The load time is on the order of a few minutes and puts some limitation on how many times the operator is willing to switch back and forth between the two programs. All the following operations are performed after entering the plan program.

USE LIST: The "Use List" command causes the program to go through the whole Mission file and find when and how each command is used, then list them in chronological order as shown in Figure 9. The list is used when planning a new UPLINK because it tells the reader which command can be changed and which have yet to be used for their designated purpose.

LSEQ: The "LSEQ" command gives a printout of the computer cards which are to be fed to the LSEQ program to give the desired changes. The listing is divided

into four parts, "Insert table changes," "Remove table changes," "Insert MSET changes" and "Remove MSET changes." The use of Insert change is straightforward, a change is simply to be added. Remove change on the other hand is not so simple. In the case of a change to an MSET change the old MSET change has to be removed, then the new one inserted. Command changes are removed if a previously submitted command change has been rubbed completely. If a command change has simply been rechanged it would only show up on the Insert list as a "was"-"now" input where the "was" lists the change which is to be replaced and the "now" is what is to replace it. The LSEQ list is the most important part of the whole lander imaging SIP. It alone would be enough to command the lander if no mistakes were ever to be made so that no supplemental information was needed. A typical LSEQ listing is shown in Figure 10.

SKY: "Sky" is a command which is used to plot the images to be taken on what is called a skyline drawing. A typical skyline is shown in Figure 6. The skylines are plotted on a return-to-return basis, i.e. a skyline will contain all the images returned by RCE, DCS or REC on a



JUNE 23, 21:20 JUNE 23, 21:20 SIP NO: VL 1- 330 U/L-CAM-REV 8 STRRIT END
1 R2. R92
1 R2. R92
2 R7.5 87.5
8 77.5 87.5
8 105.0 115.0 215.0
9 235.0 245.0
9 235.0 245.0
9 35.0 40.0
9 35.0 40.0
9 35.0 40.0
9 35.0 40.0
9 35.0 40.0
9 35.0 40.0
9 35.0 40.0
9 35.0 50.0
9 365.0 315.0
9 222.5 210.5
9 225.5 120.5
9 175.0 245.0
9 225.5 120.5
9 175.0 245.0
9 182.5 225.0
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9 182 SIP NO: VL 1- 330 U/L-CAM-REV 8 VIKING LANDER CAMERA SYSTEM (SCIENCE INSTRUMENT PARAMETER LIST) JUNE 23, 21:20 SIP NO: VL 1- 330 U/L-CAM-REV 8 RECORDED IMAGING MSET TABLE.
THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MSET ENTRIES IS: 94 POST STOW RE-CAL SCAN JUNE 23, 21:20 SIP NO: VL 1- 330 U/L-CAM-REV 8 JUNE 23, 21:20 SIP NO: VL 1- 330 U/L-CAM-REV 8 RECORDED IMAGING MSET TABLE.
THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MSET ENTRIES IS: 94 POST STOW RE-CAL SCAN JUNE 23, 21:20 SIP1NO: VL 1- 330 U/L-CAM-REV 8 DCS PARAMETER TABLE TABLE OPT. CMD. DUR. DCS MSET TABLE. 10 0 10 0 12 30 16 30 16 0 13 0 12 0 11 30 Figure 7.

Figure 7. Cont. JUNE 23, 21:20 SIP NO: VL 1- 330 U/L-CAM-REV 8 RCE PARAMETER TABLE OPT. CMD. DUR. CAM. STOW RCE MSET TABLE TIME HR.:MIN:SEC PAR. OPTIONS 10 14 53 9 8 48 7 21 20 10 0 0 2 0 0 10 0 0 20 40 0 16 0 0 16 0 0 JUNE 23, 21:20 SIP_NO: VL 1- 330 U/L-CAM-REV 8 IMAGING DATA BASE PARAMETERS: (INCOMPLETE LIST) RSCN.DT 1500.00 SEC. RUNUP.RESCAN 1.20 SEC.

specified link, show where the pictures are located, which commands were used, which camera, the time of the pictures, how many megabits of data they used, the duration of the images, the gains used and finally what were the reasons for the pictures. The skylines are produced on a Hewlett Packard 9862A plotter of 15 by 10 inches. (See Figures 6a and 6b and listing).

REV RECORD: The "Rev Record" lists the history of an UPLINK package. It lists the number of the revisions; on which sol the UPLINK is to take place; on which date the rev was created and by whom. The primary purpose of the listing is to simplify error searching by immediately defining who did what, when. Figures 11a and 11b show the revision record for the SIP of the 330 UPLINK.

CONTROL: The "CONT" or "Control" command reloads the control program in place of plan. Thus if a skyline has shown that too many megabits were used on a particular return the operator will return to the control program to make a new revision which will hopefully bring the data within allocation.

ADDITIONAL BOOKKEEPING

In addition to the bookkeeping performed in the programs there is also manual bookkeeping to keep track of the automated bookkeeping. There are three things which have to be tracked: what changes were rolled where and when, why was a revision created and finally which revision was used to create a SIP which was submitted to LSEQ.

Two charts are kept for this bookkeeping, one being a subset of the other. Figure 11b shows the chart on which LSEQ submissions and revision reasons are tracked. It also tracks the operator who created the changes, when the change was made, which revision of the previous UPLINK was used to create the data base,





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									23, 21:		JUNE 23, 2 SIP NO: VL 1- 330 U/L-CAM-REV 8	1:20
											CHANGES TO THE MSET TABLE FOR RECORDED IMAGING:	
IP NO	: VL	1- 330	Uzb-C	AM-REV	8						SOL TIME CYC. CMD. CAM. PRE POST STOW R HR:MIN:SEC. NO. NO. CAL CAL SC	E- DUST AN
PLIN	SUMM	ARY									' ADD: 337 9: 44: 6 0 40 1 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0
											ADD: 337 18: 43: 0 0 55 2 0 0 0 ADD: 337 18: 45: 0 0 56 2 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
											ADD: 337 19: 18: 0 0 58 2 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
IP N): VL	1- 330	 U/L-0	AM-REV	/ 8				23, 21		ADD: 338 12: 24: 0 0 48 2 0 0 1 ADD: 338 12: 53: 40 0 49 2 0 0 1 ADD: 338 13: 5: 0 0 17 2 0 0 1 ADD: 339 9: 44: 56 0 40 1 0 0 1 ADD: 339 12: 0: 0 0 81 2 0 0 1 ADD: 340 9: 45: 21 0 40 1 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
ABLE	OF IM	IAG I NG	COMMAN	ID CHAN	√GES:						ADD: 359 9: 15: 0 1 90 1 0 0 1 ADD: 359 10: 0: 0 1 72 1 0 0 1 ADD: 359 10: 20: 0 1 79 2 0 0 1	0 0
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OW: AS: OW:	17 40	- 4 1 Ø	1 \$## 1	14 \$\$\$	3 \$\$\$	1 \$\$\$	9 \$\$\$	152.5 \$\$\$\$\$	162.5 \$\$\$\$#\$ 250.0	-30 \$\$\$	ADD: 369 10: 20: 0 1 79 2 0 0 1 ADD: 369 11: 20: 0 1 81 2 0 1 1	9 (
AS: OW:	41	2	*** 1	4 \$\$\$ 4	2 \$\$\$ 2	‡## 1	9 \$\$\$ 0		172.5 175.0	20 \$\$\$ 20	DEL: 339 9: 15: 0 1 90 1 0 0 1 DEL: 339 10: 0: 0 1 72 1 0 0 1	0 1
as: JW:	48	4 3	\$ \$ \$ 1	5 8	\$\$\$ 2	\$\$\$ 1	\$\$\$ 0	160.0 150.0	167.5	-10 0	DEL: 339 10: 20: 0 1 79 2 0 0 1 DEL: 339 11: 20: 0 1 81 2 0 1 DEL: 344 10: 0: 0 1 71 1 0 0 1	0 0
AS: OW:	49	\$\$\$ 4	\$\$\$ 1	9 8	\$\$\$ 2	### 1	### 0		260.0 35.0	-30 -10	DEL: 344 10: 20: 0 1 82 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0
AS: OW:	54	\$\$\$ 2	\$ \$ \$ \$	4	### 3	\$\$\$ 1	\$\$\$ 0		330.0	### 10	DEL: 344 10: 30: 0 1 76 2 0 1 1 DEL: 349 9: 15: 0 1 90 1 0 0 1 DEL: 349 10: 0 0 1 72 1 0 0 1	0 0 0
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IAS:	57	4 1	\$\$\$ 1	1 2	1 3	\$\$\$ 1	\$\$\$ 0	285.0 185.0	295.0 187.5	-10 10	CHANGES TO THE DOS PARAMETER TABLE:	
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			1	Jan .			11		84 M		ADD 345 12 0 0 2 0, 0 ADD 346 11 30 0 2 0, 0	
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					4						TAB. OPT. CMD. TIME CAM. STOW SEC.	
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											ADD 336 20 40 0 1 0, 0 ADD 338 16 30 0 1 0, 0 ADD 339 16 0 0 1 0, 0 ADD 341 14 0 0 1 0, 0	
			4	•							1 ADD 343 8 0 0 11 120. 452	
				1			3	3			ADD 347 22 30 0 1 1, 0	
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		t	у Р	'ara	siti	c Eı	ngir	ieeri	ng.			
Gi	ve y	our.	Altai	ir, II	MSA	I l	ow a	s 90 vo	olts o	r as hig	DEL 340 17 58 0 2 1, 4 DEL 340 8 6 0 2 1, 4 DEL 341 14 0 0 1 0, 0	

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***APPROXIMATE U/L COMMAND WORD COUNT IS: 159 - ***

WAS: 1500.00 NOW: RSCN.DT 1500.00

WAS: NOW: RUNUP.RESCAN

SIP NO: VL 1- 330 U/L-CAM-REV 8

IMAGING DATA BASE PARAMETER CHANGES:

JUNE 23, 21:20

	23, 21:20						, шые	23, 21:20			***************************************				
JUNE	23, 21:20									USE OF	FACH COMMON	D IN MISSION VL			
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	IF THE URDE	R OF	USE OF	EACH COMMAN	D IN MISSIO	N VL 1 U/L 330, REV. 8					HR,:MIN.	**AZ.			
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3	DOS PRE	2	344	13: 0	10.00		53	REC	1		10: 35 11: 55	0.83 0.83			
		-	014	10. 0	10.00		54 54	REC REC	1	328	15: 0	0.83			
							55	REC	3		18: 41 16: 10	0.83 0.83			
							55 56	REC REC			18: 43	0.83			
11 11	RCE PRE RCE PRE	2	323 325	10: 14	17.50	+17 6	56	REC	2		16: 50 18: 45	0.83 0.83			
11 11	RCE PRE RCE PRE	2 2	343 347	7: 21 8: 0 22: 30	17.50 17.50 17.50		57 57	REC REC	2	321 337	11: 11 18: 47	0.83 0.83			
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				-			64 64	REC REC	1 1	328 328	8: 8 17: 48	2.50			
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22 23	RCE PRE RCE PRE	2	365 370	17: 58	82.50	•	66 67	REC REC	1	328 328	16: 52 9: 51	2.50 2.50			
23	RCE PRE	2	370	8: 6 17: 58	82.50 82.50		67 68	REC REC	1	328	16: 13	2.50			
24 24 24	RCE PST RCE PST RCE PST	1 1 1	355 355	8: 6 17: 58	82.50 82.50		68 68	REC REC	1 1 1	328 328 328	8: 57 9: 52 10: 39	0.83 0.83			
24	RCE PST	· i	360 .360	8: 6 17: 58	82.50 82.50		68 68 68	REC REC	1 1	328 328	11: 59 15: 4	0.83 0.83 0.83			
25 25	RCE PST RCE PST	1	365 365	8: 6 17: 58	82.50 82.50		68	REC REC	1	328 328	16: 14 16: 54	0.83 0.83			
26	RCE PST	1	370	8: 6	82.50		LICTO	E TUE oppe							
	 3, 21:20										EACH COMMAND	IN MISSION VL :	. UPL 3:	30, REV.	8
							CMD.	MODE	CAM	. SOL	HR.:MIN.	**AZ.			
LIST OF	F THE ORDER	R OF L	ISE OF B	ЕАСН СОММАНТ	I TN MTGGTON	∤ VL 1 U/L 330, REV. 8	69 69 69	REC REC	1	328 328	10: 37 11: 57	2.50 2.50			
CMD.	MODE		SOL			, AE 1 OVE 330, KEV. 8	70	REC REC	1	328 328	15: 2 11: 58	2.50 2.50			
26	RCE PST	1	370	HR.:MIN. 17: 58	**AZ. 82.50		70 71	REC CVC	1	328	15: 3	2.50			
							71	REC CYC REC CYC	1	354 364	10: 0 10: 0	70.00 70.00			
							72 72	REC CYC REC CYC	1 1	359 369	10: 0 10: 0	90.00 90.00			
							76 76	REC CYC REC CYC	2	354 364	10: 30 10: 30	50.00 50.00			
37 37	REC REC	2 2	323 324	16: 38 16: 38	2.50 2.50						10. 00	J0.00			
38	REC	1	324	8: 58	2.50		79 79 79	REC REC CYC	2 2 2	330 359	14: 0	22.50			
39 39	REC REC	1 1	321 322	9: 32 9: 32	2.50 2.50			REC CYC		369	10: 20	22.50 22.50			
39 39 39	REC REC REC	1 1	323 325	9: 33 9: 34	2.50 2.50		80 81	REC REC	2	324 339		42.50			
39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39	REC REC	1 1 1	326 327 329	9: 34 9: 34 9: 35	2.50 2.50 2.50		81 81	REC REC CYC REC CYC	2 2	359 369	11: 20	35.00 35.00 35.00			
39 39	REC REC	1	330 331	9: 35 9: 36 9: 36	2.50 2.50 2.50		82 82	REC CYC REC CYC	1 1	354 364	10: 20	12.50			
40 40	REC REC	1 1	333 337	9: 42 9: 44	2.50		83	REC CYC	1	354		12.50 22.50			
40 40	REC REC	1 1	338 339	9: 44 9: 44	2.50 2.50 2.50		83 84	REC CYC REC CYC	1	364	10: 23	22.50			- 1
40	REC	1	340	9: 45	2.50		84	REC CYC	1	354 364		15.00 15.00			1
42	REC	2	324	13: 7	5.00										
43 44	REC REC	1 2	324 324	13: 20 13: 22 '	12.50		00								
45	REC	2	324	13: 22	5.00 7.50		90 90	REC CYC REC CYC	1	359 369	9: 15 9: 15	13.33 13.33			
46	REC	1	324		12.50		диме эт	, 21:20							
47 47	REC REC	1	321 321	11: 26 11: 32	1.67 1.67		SUME 23	· · · - 1 · - CM							
48 48	REC REC	1 2	326 338	10: 0 12: 24	5.00		TOT OF	Tue Annes	oe e	or or c	0011 00				
49	REC	2	338	12: 24	5.00 7.50							IN MISSION VL 1	U-L 33	υ, REV.	ŏ
50	REC	2	321	11: 16	7.50		CMD.	MODE	CAM.	SOL	HR.:MIN.	+÷AZ.			
							99 99	REC REC	1 2	326 326	7: 0	1.67			
							77	NEG	۷	3 2 5	13: 0	1.67			- 1

when the data base was stored, who stored the data base and whether or not the data base was "cleaned" before storage.

The other chart, shown in Figure 12, tracks the progression of revision rolling, and revision creation. Whenever a change is made and rolled into the subsequent UPLINK the revision number is entered on the line of the UPLINK sol and the revision of the subsequent UPLINK at the time of the roll is entered on the line of that UPLINK. The line which is drawn on the outside of the revision numbers helps identify the progression.

PAST HISTORY OF THE UPLINK GENERATION —TEARS AND CHUCKLES

As was stated earlier, the equipment has had an almost trouble-free history but that does not mean that problems have been absent during the extensive length of time the machines have been in use. The worst problem encountered had to do with interference from a silent 700 terminal located in the same room as one of the HP's and fed from the same power line. Using the silent 700 would sometimes cause the tape drives to take off on their own, once wiping out a whole program tape which was being changed and of which there was no copy yet. As anyone who has ever lost a program knows, it is infinitely worse to have to reenter changes in the middle of rewriting than it is to make the changes initially. The erasure caused a large measure of grief and a very urgent call to the HP repair service. The problem was never really solved, but rather was successfully circumvented by plugging the silent 700 into an alternate outlet. Less disastrous manifestations of the interference was that the plotter pen would shoot across the plotter bed without warning. This produced startled looks and laughter rather than disaster. A few times the calculator would go into a "I won't talk to anyone" state also as a result of the interference. The only solution in this case was to punish the machine by shutting off its power until it forgot what it was up to.

Another problem which existed for a short while had to do with the plotter spring intended to lift the pen off the paper. Hewlett Packard had apparently switched spring suppliers and the springs which were being distributed would only last a few days under our heavy use before breaking. In utter desperation a piece of foam rubber was put in place of the spring, but the solution was hardly adequate since it prevented pen movement over the whole plotter area. The pen would be restricted by the foam rubber piece before reaching the edges.

The third problem encountered had to do with solenoids. One solenoid in the internal tape drive got stuck so that the tape drive would not function. Another had to be replaced in the plotter. The solenoid in the tape drive had only to be lubricated to get back into shape.

Considering that the machines have now been used for over a year and that six months that year were spent in operation of 24-hour days and 7-day weeks, one would be hard-pressed to justify any complaints.

The problems which cropped up were all severe, but only because of the high pressure situation under which they occurred. No problem was unresolved for more than a day and during that day one of the other HP's would carry the load normally carried by the machine which was down.

PRESENT OTHER USES AND FUTURE USE OF THE COMPUTERS

Viking is now in the extended mission and UPLINKS occur with lower frequency than during the primary mission, but the Hewlett Packards are doing anything but resting. As time has gone on more and more people have realized what a convenient slave the machines

THE BALL 8700 COMPUTER/CONTROLLER

An exceptional price on an <u>applications</u> <u>oriented</u> 6503 based micro-processor system featuring:

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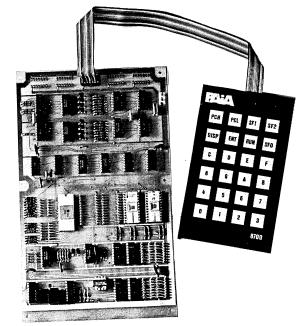
8700 COMPUTER/CONTROLLER KIT \$149.95

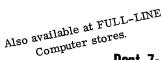
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74 INTERFACE AGE

CIRCLE INQUIRY NO. 43

AUGUST 1977

```
JUNE 23, 21:20
JUNE 23, 21:20
INSERT CARDS FOR LSEQ TABLE CHANGES
IN LSEQ CHANGE BASE OF VL 1 330 U/L-CAM-REV. IT THE CHANGE BASE OF VL 1 330 U/L-CAM-REV. 8
                                                                                      A TO MAKE
                                                                                                                     INSERT CARDS FOR LSEQ MSET CHANGES
                                                                                                                    IN LSEQ CHANGE BASE OF VL 1 330 U/L-CAM-REV. IT THE CHANGE BASE OF VL 1 330 U/L-CAM-REV.
TBL.CMD,41,1,1,4,2,1,0,172.5,175,20
TBL.CMD,49,4,1,8,2,1,0,27.5,35,-10
TBL.CMD,54,2,1,1,3,1,0,185,187.5,10
TBL.CMD,55,2,1,2,3,1,0,185,187.5,10
TBL.CMD,56,1,1,1,3,1,0,185,187.5,10
TBL.CMD,57,1,1,2,3,1,0,185,187.5,10
TBL.CMD,58,0,1,1,3,1,0,185,187.5,10
TBL.CMD,59,1,1,2,3,1,0,185,187.5,10
TBL.CMD,48,3,1,8,2,1,0,150,155,0
TBL.CMD,49,0,1,4,2,1,0,150,152.5,62.5,-30
TBL.CMD,40,0,1,4,2,1,0,247.5,250,20
                                                                                                                                IMG,339,9,15,0,1,90,1,STOW
                                                                                                                                IMG,339,10,0,1,70,1,510W
IMG,339,10,0,0,1,72,1,STOW
IMG,339,10,20,0,1,79,2,STOW
IMG,339,11,20,0,1,81,2,CAL2,STOW
IMG,344,10,0,0,1,71,1,STOW
                                                                                                                     DEL
                                                                                                                     TIFL
                                                                                                                     DEL
                                                                                                                     TIFI
                                                                                                                                 IMG,344,10,20,0,1,82,1
IMG,344,10,23,0,1,83,1
 TBL.CMD, 40, 0, 1, 4, 2, 1, 0, 247.5, 250, 20
                                                                                                                                 IMG,344,10,26,0,1,84,1,CAL2,STOW
IMG,344,10,30,0,1,76,2,CAL2,STOW
IMG,349,9,15,0,1,90,1,STOW
                                                                                                                     DEL
                                                                                                                     DEL
 IMGRT,1,3,1620,2,1,19,*
                                                                                                                                 IMG,349,10,0,0,1,72,1,STOW
IMG,349,10,20,0,1,79,2,STOW
                                                                                                                     DEL
                                                                                                                                 IMG,349,11,20,0,1,81,2,CAL2,STOW
 RUNUP, RESCAN, 1, 2
 JUNE 23, 21:20
                                                                                                                    JUNE 23, 21:20
 REMOVE CARDS FOR LSEQ TABLE CHANGES.
 IN LSEQ CHANGE BASE OF VL 1 330 U/L-CAM-REV. 0 TO MAKE IT THE CHANGE BASE OF VL 1 330 U/L-CAM-REV. 8
                                                                                                                    REMOVE CARDS FOR LISEQ MISET CHANGES
                                                                                                                     IN LSEQ CHANGE BASE OF VL 1 330 U/L-CAM-REV. IT THE CHANGE BASE OF VL 1 330 U/L-CAM-REV.
 INSERT CARDS FOR LSEQ MSET CHANGES
 IN LSEQ CHANGE BASE OF VL 1 330 U/L-CAM-REV. . 0 TO MAKE
                                                                                                                                                          Figure 10.
 ADD
            DCS,338,**,**,**,0,2,**
             DCS,339,**,**,**,0,2,**
 ADD
             DCS,334,**,**,**,0,2,**
             DCS,345,**,**,**,0,2,**
 ADD
             DCS,344,**,**,**,0,2,**,RTI1
 ADD
            DCS,346,**,**,**,0,2,**
           RCE,360,**,**,**,0,2,**,RTI1,RTI4
RCE,360,**,**,**,0,2,**,RTI1,RTI4
RCE,365,**,**,**,0,2,**,RTI2,RTI5
RCE,365,**,**,**,0,2,**,RTI2,RTI5
RCE,336,**,**,**,0,1,**
 ADD
 ADD
 Ann
                                                                                                                                                   M6800
 ADD
 ADD
            RCE,338,**,**,**,0,1,**
RCE,339,**,**,**,0,1,**
 ADD
                                                                                                                                     HARDWARE/SOFTWARE
             RCE,341,**,**,**,0,1,**
            RCE,343,**,**,**,0,1,**,RTI1,RTI2,RTI3,RTI4,RTI5,RTI6
RCE,344,**,**,**,0,1,**
 ADD

    REAL TIME OPERATING SYSTEM

 Ann
 ADD
             RCE,345,**,**,**,0,1,**
            RCE,347,**,**,**,0,1,**,RTI1
RCE,370,**,**,**,0,2,**,RTI3,RTI6
 ADD
 ADD
             RCE, 370, **, **, **, 0, 2, **, RTI3, RTI6
 ADD
                                                                                                                             can support up to 16 concurrent programs at 8 priority levels. MICROWARE has improved the Mikbug* functions, added four more (Dump, Exec, Sys, Blat) and made tape load and punch program-usable. RT/68° is software and hardware compatible with Mikbug* and supports ACIA or PIA type interfaces. The comprehensive manual includes a complete source listing.
 DEL.
             RCE,340,**,**,**,0,2,**,RTI1,RTI4
             RCE,340,**,**,**,0,2,**,RTI1,RTI4
            RCE,345,**,**,**,0,2,**,RTI2,RTI5
RCE,345,**,**,**,0,2,**,RTI2,RTI5
 TIFI
 DEL.
             RCE,341,**,**,**,0,1,**
            RCE,350,**,**,**,0,2,**,RTI3,RTI6
                                                                                                                             RT/68MX .....
 DEL
 DEL
             RCE,350,**,**,**,0,2,**,RTI3,RTI6

    ANALOG INTERFACE SUBSYSTEM

 ADD
             IMG,333,9,42,27,0,40,1,STOW
             IMG,337,9,44,6,0,40,1,STOW
IMG,339,9,44,56,0,40,1,STOW
IMG,340,9,45,21,0,40,1,STOW
 ADD
 ADD
             IMG,338,12,24,0,0,48,2,STOW
IMG,339,12,0,0,0,81,2,STOW
  ADD
  ADD
            IMG,339,12,010,08,15,2,510W
IMG,339,9,44,31,0,40,1,5T0W
IMG,359,9,15,0,1,90,1,5T0W
IMG,359,10,8,0,1,72,1,5T0W
IMG,359,10,20,0,1,79,2,5T0W
IMG,359,11,20,0,1,81,2,CAL2,STOW
IMG,364,10,0,0,1,71,1,5T0W
  ADD
                                                                                                                             AS1-K (COMPLETE KIT).
  ADD
  ADD
```

RT/68° is mask-programmed on a 6830 ROM that replaces the Mikbug* ROM in your SWTPC 6800, Motorola D1 or D2 Evaluation Kit, etc. It is a powerful real time, multiprogramming operating system with many versatile system functions. RT/68°

Consists of a PIA connected to a high speed, high accuracy 8 bit digital-to-analog converter. Also included is a buffer and precision comparator to implement an analog-to-digital conwerter using one of several software techniques listed in the manual. Applications include sensor input/output, audio synthesis, vector graphic displays, etc. Circuit board is plug-compatible with the SWTPC 6800 I/O buss.

...... 87.50

• SERIAL I/O INTERFACE

An RS-232 type serial interface card with full modem control capabilities (RTS, CTS, DCD). May also be used for interface with audio cassette systems. Plug compatible with SWTPC 6800 I/O buss

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CIRCLE INQUIRY NO. 32

ADD

ADD

ADD Ann

ADD

ADD ADD ADD

ADD ADD

ADD ADD

ADD

ADD

ADD ADD ADD ADD IMG,364,10,20,0,1,82,1

IMG,364,10,23,0,1,83,1 IMG,364,10,26,0,1,84,1,CAL2,STOW

IMG, 364,10,26,0,1,84,1,CRL2,STOW IMG, 364,10,38,0,1,76,2,CRL2,STOW IMG, 337,18,41,36,0,54,2 IMG, 337,18,43,0,0,55,2 IMG, 337,18,47,0,0,56,2 IMG, 337,18,47,0,0,57,2,STOW IMG, 337,19,18,0,0,58,2 IMG, 337,19,20,0,0,59,2,STOW IMG, 338,12,53,44,0,49,2,STOW IMG, 369,9,15,0,1,72,1,STOW IMG, 369,10,0,0,1,72,1,STOW IMG, 369,10,20,0,1,72,1,STOW IMG, 369,10,20,0,1,72,1,STOW IMG, 369,10,20,0,1,72,5TOW IMG, 369,10,20,0,17,2,STOW IMG, 338,13,5,0,0,17,2,STOW

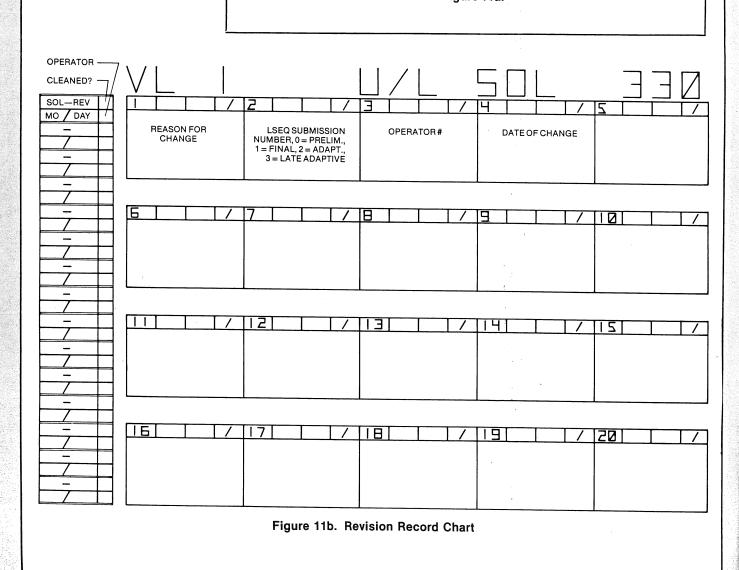
0 TO MAKE

0 TO MAKE

Revision Table for the tape on which the change file for Sol 330 Rev. 8 resides.

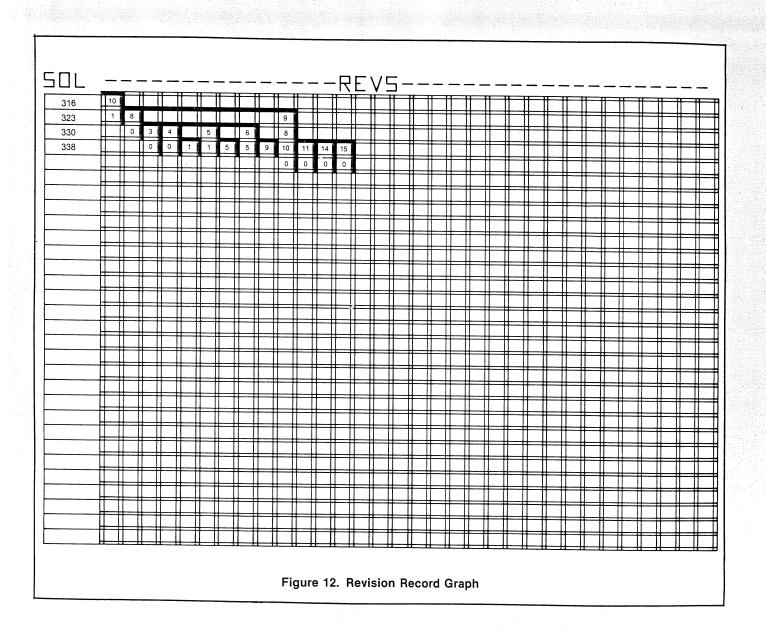
Rev. No.	Sol	Date Mo-Day-Year	Operator
0	330	6- 1-77	5
1	330	6- 3-77	5
2 3	330	6- 5-77	2
3	330	6- 6-77	5
4	330	6- 7-77	5
5	330	6- 8-77	5
6	330	6- 8-77	5
7	330	6-12-77	2
8	330	6-17-77	2

Figure 11a.



make. They are now extensively used to produce plots of various kinds which were formerly drawn by hand. The plots are used in the planning of a multitude of scheduling problems such as DOWNLINK opportunities, vacation schedules, major event plots, temperature plots (Martian), and Martian-to-Pacific time calendar plots, the plots used manually to track the bookkeeping and many many others. The rough draft of this article was written using the limited text editing functions made available by the data communications ROM which is normally used to interface the HP into other machines via a phone coupler.

A Viking Mission for 1984 is presently being investigated and it seems clear that even if these HP's have been gracefully retired by '84, other miniaturized computers will have taken their place in the operation of the mission. These HP's still have a planned year or two left during which they will be supporting the extended and then continuing mission. More tasks are dreamt up every day to simplify daily chores now carried out manually. As the Viking flight team is cut back every few weeks the HP's will be asked to help the remaining Vikings to carry out the job in more and more ways.



UPLINK/DOWNLINK LISTING

Figure 2.

```
10 COM PICIS6,10],CICI01,11],ZIC9],AIC242],VIC34]

13 PRT-ALL 1

15 DIM $$(25),D$(7),FIC100,2],O$(26],UIC5],EIC5],A$(15]

16 MAT U=ZER

20 MAT A=ZER

25 FOR L=1 TO 8

30 ZCL]=0

30 ZCL]=0

30 EXEXT L

40 BEEP

41 DISP "ENTER A CONTROL LEVEL COMMAND";

45 INPUT B$

50 D$=68C1,7]

55 IF D$$(1,4]="PLAN" THEN 1750

65 IF D$$(1,4]="PLAN" THEN 1750

65 IF D$$(1,4)="PLAN" THEN 120

75 IF D$$(1,4)="CALL MI" THEN 120

75 IF D$$(1,6)="ADD TO" THEN 230

80 IF D$$="STORE C" THEN 2500

90 IF D$$="STORE C" THEN 2500

90 IF D$$="STORE "THEN 2780

95 IF D$$(1,6)="BOOK" THEN 6500

105 IF D$$(1,4)="STOP" THEN 2835

106 IF D$$(1,4)="STOP" THEN 2835

107 IF D$$(1,4)="STOP" THEN 2835

108 IF D$$(1,4)="STOP" THEN 2835

109 IF D$$(1,4)="STOP" THEN 2835

110 PRINT "INCORRECT INPUT COMMAND."

115 GOTO 40

120 LOAD DATA 0,A

135 DISP "DO YOU WANT LATEST CHANGE FILE?";

140 INPUT 8$

145 IF B$$(1,1)="Y" THEN 220

150 DISP "ENTER DESIRED REV. NO.";

155 INPUT G$

166 OUTPUT (15,170)" SIP NO: YLX-"ACG1+5]; "U/L-CAM-REV"; ACG1+4];

166 OUTPUT (15,170)" NAS DONE BY OPERATOR FACG1+3]

180 PRINT "IS THIS THE ONE YOU WANT?"

185 FRINT

190 INPUT B$

195 IF B$$(1,1)="N" THEN 40

296 G4=G4+1

290 LOAD DATA G4+1,C

291 REWIND

292 G4=RC1]

293 CHOLD J5]=-1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | SINPUT B8 | C20 | F B#C1:1] = " THEN 645 |
C20 | GA=MC1:0] = (C2) | 
               205 ZLS J=10
210 ZL9 J=0
210 ZL9 J=0
210 GUTO 48
220 GG=RC 10
220 MFT C=ZER
230 CUT J=-1
240 CUT
                                                         545 Gá=VRL(8£)

550 IF G4<0 THEN 530

551 IF G4>22 THEN 530

560 G2=INT(G4)

570 INPUT B1

570 INPUT B2

570 INPUT B3

580 G4=VRL(8£)

580 G4=VRL(8£)

581 IG G40 THEN 565

590 IF G4>1 THEN 565

590 G1=RT(G4)

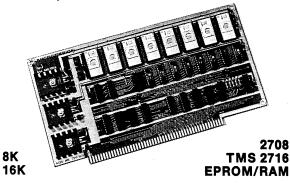
600 CTY1+123=G1*10*4+G2*10*2+G3

605 G4=PRN.31/10

610 DISP "START A2. IS:"G4;"CHANGE?";
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               1220 INPUT G4
1230 IF G4<1000 OR G4>8001 THEN 265
1235 FOR I=1 TO Y1
1240 IF CII.61#G4 THEN 1305
1245 GECII.11
1250 GOSUB 2815
1255 M1=2
1260 M2=G3
```

```
1255 G-CCI, 2]
1276 GOSUB 2815
1275 M3=CCI, 3] - 100 + 10
1276 M3=CCI, 3] - 100 + 10
1277 M3=CCI, 3] - 100 + 10
1278 M3=CCI, 3] - 100 + 10
1279 FRINT
1279 FRINT
1270 M3=CCI, 3] - 100 + 10
1270 GOSUB 285
1271 M3=CCI, 3] - 10
1271 M3
                                                                  1575 J=J+1
1580 NEXT L
1585 FF JK 3 THEN 1635
1590 FOR K=1 TO J-2
1595 FOR K=L TO J-2
1595 FOR K=L TO J-2
1600 M1=J-L
1600 M1=J-L
1601 FF F(M1,1)=F(M2,1) THEN 1620
1615 GOTO 1625
1620 C(F(M2,2),6]=0
1625 NEXT K
1630 NEXT L
1635 NEXT I
1640 IF Y1(3 THEN 2840
1645 Y2=0
1655 FOR K=1 TO Y1
1655 IF C(K,6))1 THEN 1715
1660 IF KY1-Y2 THEN 1728
1665 FOR L=K TO Y1-1
1670 SEND C(L+1,7) TO C(L,7)
1674 SEND C(L+1,7) TO C(L,7)
1674 SEND C(L+1,2) TO C(L,7)
1676 SEND E(L) TO C(L,7)
1678 C(L),1=C(L+1,1)
1679 SEND E(L) TO C(L,2)
1679 C(Y,1K,1)=0
1700 NEXT K
1705 Y2=Y2+1
1710 IF C(K,6)(1 THEN 1660
1715 NEXT K
1705 Y2=Y2+1
1775 O(1)=0
1776 OF C(10),6]=Y1
1776 OF C(10),6]=Y1
1777 OF C(10),6]=Y1
1778 OF C(10),6]=Y1
1789 OF C(10),6]=Y1
1800 OF C(10),6]=Y1
1800 OF C(10),6]=Y1
1801 OF C(10),6]
1805 DISP "DO YOU WANT A DATA BASE COMPARE?";
1810 INPUT B$
1825 OF C(1,6)-1000 THEN 1825
1826 OF C(1,6)-1000
1826 OF C(1,6)-1000
1827 OF C(1,6)-1000
1828 OF C(1,6)-1000
1829 OF C(1,6)-1000
1820 OF C(1
```





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DEALER INQUIRIES INVITED

```
1955 J=(INT(Ct1,6]/100)-50-K1*10)/5
1960 J1=103-K1*42
1965 G1=Ct1.1]
1976 G2=Ct1.2]
1975 FOR K=J1 TO J1*41
1980 IF J=1 RND G1=F(K,1] RND G2=P(K,2] THEN 2000
1985 IF G1<P(K) I] OR P(K,1] OR P(K,1]=0 THEN 2000
1995 NEXT K
1995 K=K-1
2000 G2=K
2005 IF J=1 THEN 2060
2010 FOR K=G3 TO J1*41
2015 N=J1*40+G3-K
2020 SEND P(N,1] TO E(1)
2025 SEND E(1) TO P(N+1,1)
2025 SEND E(1) TO P(N+1,1)
2025 SEND E(1) TO P(N+1,1)
2035 NEXT K
2040 SEND OCCUPANT OF CONTROL OF CONTROL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 2655 DISP "ENTER YOUR OPERATOR NO.";
2660 INPUT ZCI]
2660 INPUT ZCI]
2675 DISP "ENTER THE DATE AS MO.,DAY,YR.";
2678 INPUT ZCI],ZCI],ZCI],ZCI]
2678 DISP "ENTER THE SOL OF THIS REVISION";
2688 INPUT ZCI]
2688 RETURN
2690 LOAD DATA 0,A
2695 ZCI]=RCI]
2700 GOSUB 2650
2715 GUBL 2650
2716 GUBL 2650
2717 FAULT-2CI]
2728 FOR I=1 TO 6
2710 J=RCI]+6-1
2729 REXT I
2729 REXT I
2720 NEXT I
2720 STORE DATA 0,A
2735 CCI01,5]=ZCI]
2736 CCI01,5]=ZCI]
2736 CCI01,5]=ZCI]
2736 CCI01,5]=ZCI]
2737 CCI01,5]=ZCI]
2737 CCI01,5]=ZCI]
2738 CCI01,5]=ZCI]
2739 FRIMT A CHANGE FILE FOR SOL:";ZCI6];" HAS BEEN STORED AS REV.";CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI01,4]=CCI0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        2236 CT.16.3-8
2236 CT.16.3-8
2236 CT.16.3-8
2249 PRINT 'THREE CMD."1H
2245 COTO 2285
2255 PRINT 'DES PARS'HN-161
2266 GOTO 2285
2255 PRINT 'DES PARS'HN-161
2266 GOTO 2285
2255 PRINT 'BOS PARS'HN-161
2266 GOTO 2285
2259 PRINT 'BOS PARS'HN-161
2269 PRINT 'SMR ABSC"
2289 PRINT 'BART BASC"
2289 PRINT 'SMR ABSC"
2289 PRINT 'CHANGE FROM':CLT.731cCL1.831cCL1.931cCL1.431cCL1.51
2299 PRINT 'CHANGE FROM':CLT.731cCL1.831cCL1.931cCL1.431cCL1.51
2290 PRINT 'CHANGE FROM':CLT.731cCL1.831cCL1.931cCL1.431cCL1.51
2200 PRINT 'CHANGE FROM':CLT.731cCL1.831cCL1.931cCL1.431cCL1.51
2300 SCHD PCL1.170 PCL1.75
2300 SCHD PCL1.170 PCL1.75
2300 SCHD PCL1.170 PCL1.75
2300 SCHD PCL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        3709 PRINT
3710 PRINT
3720 PRINT
3720 PRINT
3720 PRINT
3720 PRINT
3720 PRINT
3730 PRINT
3740 PRINT
3750 PRINT

                                                    2570 NEXTI THEN 2590
2578 PT 219,31 THEN 2590
2578 PT 108,63=CT101.51
2580 PT 108,73=CT101.41
2581 FOR I=1 TO 60
2582 EEEP
2583 HART 1000
2584 NEXT I
2585 GOTO 40
2590 DISP "ROLL REVISION?";
2595 INPUT B:
2590 DISP "ROLL REVISION?";
2595 INPUT B:
2600 IF B#I_11]="M" THEN 2640
2600 IF B#I_11]="M" THEN 2640
2600 IF B#I_11]="M" THEN 2640
2610 LOAD DATH 0.A
2615 PT 186,71=R[1]
2622 PT 186,71=R[1]
2625 ZT 5 1=R[1]
2630 ZT 91=0
2635 GOTO 2705
2640 PT 186,91=0
2645 GOTO 40
2650 IF ZT41>70 THEN 2675
```

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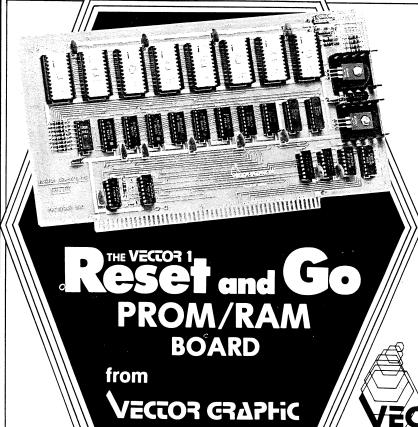
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```
498 GOSUB 6125
439 PRINT 'INAGING DATA BASE PARAMETERS: (INCOMPLETE LIST)"
439 PRINT 'AND PRINT 'AND PRINT 'INGING DATA BASE PARAMETERS: (INCOMPLETE LIST)"
439 PRINT 'AND PRINT 'AS A 415 "RSCN.DT ";P[100,3]/100;" SEC."
4410 OUTPUT (15.4415) "RUNUP.RESCAN ";P[100,3]/100;" SEC."
4412 FORMAT 2F8.2
4413 GOSUB 8175
4425 GOSUB 8175
4435 GOSUB 8000
4440 FG CIT (27)0.5 THEN 4450
4445 FG CIT (40)0.5 THEN 4450
4446 FG CIT (40)0.5 THEN 4500
4440 FG CIT (40)0.5 THEN 4500
4440 FG CIT (40)0.5 THEN 4500
4440 FG CIT (40)0.5 THEN 4500
4450 GOSUB 6160
4460 GOSUB 6160
4470 PRINT 'AND PRINT 'F3.0;3F3.0
4470 PRINT 'AND PRINT 'F3.0;3F3.0
4470 PRINT 'AND PRINT 'F3.0;3F3.0
4470 PRINT 'AND PRINT 'AND PREPARED BY OPERATOR: ";Z[1]" -";Z[3];"-";Z[4]
4500 M7-47
4600 M7-47
4600
```



CIRCLE INQUIRY NO. 60

82 INTERFACE AGE

```
5460 GOSUB 6160
5465 Ji=0
5476 Ki=1 Ji=1 THEN 5555
5476 Ki=1 Ji=1 THEN 5555
5476 Ki=1 Ji=1 THEN 5555
5476 Ki=1 Ji=1 THEN 5556
5485 FRINT "CHANGES TO THE DCS PARAMETER TABLE:"
5496 FRINT "TABLE OPT. CMD. TITHE CAM. STOW"
5506 PENT "SEC."
5507 GOTO 5596
5503 GOTO 5596
5503 GOTO 5596
5503 FK Ki=1 THEN 5580
5504 PRINT "CHANGES TO THE DCS MSET IMAGING PARAMETERS:"
5505 PRINT "SOL TIME PAR. OPTIONS"
5506 PRINT "SOL TIME PAR. OPTIONS"
5507 FRINT "STOR FRINT "SOL THE RCE MSET IMAGING PARAMETERS:"
5508 FRINT "SOL THE RCE MSET IMAGING PARAMETERS:"
5508 GOTO 5595
5509 PRINT "SOL THE RCE MSET IMAGING PARAMETERS:"
5509 FRINT "SOL THE NOT STOR FRINT STOR FRINT "SOL THE RCE MSET IMAGING PARAMETERS:"
5509 GOTO 5595
5509 FRINT "SOL THE SOL T
```

```
5795 GOTO 5850
5800 G=CCC4+11
5800 M2=INT(G-100)
5810 M3=G-108-M2
5821 GOSUB-115
5822 GOSUB-1215
5823 GOSUB-1215
5823 GOSUB-1215
5823 GOSUB-1215
5823 GOSUB-1215
5823 GOSUB-1215
5824 D5-D17-1215
5825 FORMET 54.0, F5.0, 2F3.0, 2F6.0, F5.0
5826 FORMET 54.0, F5.0, 2F3.0, 2F6.0, F5.0
5827 FORMET 54.0, F5.0, 2F3.0, 2F6.0, F5.0
5828 FORMET 14.050
5829 FORMET 54.0, F5.0, 2F3.0, 2F6.0, F5.0
5820 FORMET 54.0, F5.0, 2F6.0
6820 FORMET 54.0, F5.0, 2F6.0
6830 FORMET 64.0, F
```



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CIRCLE INQUIRY NO. 6

```
6145 PRINT " WARNING UNROLLED REVISION"
6150 GOTO 6175
6160 OUTPUT (15,6135) "SIP NO: VL";CC101,7];"-";CC101,5];" U/L-CAM-REV"CC101,4]
6165 IF ZC5]=0 THEN 6175
6176 PRINT "WARNING CHANGE IS NOT FINAL"
6175 FOR II=1 TO M7
6180 PRINT
6180 RETURN
6190 RETURN
6500 ZC9]-0
6175 FOR II=1 TO M7
6180 PRINT
6180 NEXT II
6180 REXT II
6190 RETURN
6500 ZIS J=0
6505 DISP "ENTER A BOOKEEPING COMMAND";
6510 INPUT BE
6510 INPUT B
6510 INPUT
```

```
7815 NEXT 17
7817 12-12-1
7800 PFINT
7817 12-12-1
7800 PFINT
7800
```

```
455 C3=F3+2+|
455 C3=F3+2+|
455 C3=F3+2+|
457 C3=F3+2+|
458 C3=F3+2+|
459 C3=F3+2+|
450 C3=F3+2+|
45
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                1137 IF H3>0 THEN 1140
1138 B1=(2.5E+05)*(1+INT(B1/1.92E+05))
1139 GOTO 1145
1140 B1=B1*M7*275200
1145 B2=B2*B1
1149 D1=FY=17.5
1150 D1=(H7-H6)*3413/((250+15750*H3)*K1)*H1*(P[100,1]*P[100,2]/10)*P[100,3]/100
1151 IF J1) THEN 1155
1152 D1=D1*(250*H3*15750)
1153 B3=B3+B1
1160 IF M1=S3 THEN 1230
1165 IF S1=I THEN 1185
1170 S4=1
1180 GOTO 1210
1189 GOTO 1210
1189 GOTO 1210
1189 FORMAT F7.2
1200 PRINT "
1200 PRINT "
1201 PRINT "
1202 PRINT "
1203 B3=B1
1210 PRINT "IMAGES ON SOL";M1+200
1215 D3=D3+4
1225 D3=M1
1225 D3=M1
1227 PRT-RLL 0
1228 G4=P[M5,1]
1229 OUTPUT (15,1250)M1" ";B#[H9,H9+2];M6;H6;H7;H8;M2;":";M3;M5;B1/10+6;D1
1240 IF OW[1,1]#T" THEN 1244
1241 D15P "CMD1*M5*EPERONT;
1242 INPUT 0%[2,25]
1243 PRINT "
1244 PRT-RLL 1
1255 IF J1=0 THEN 1295
1266 IF M3>0 THEN 1270
1275 IF D2>D3 THEN 1295
1266 IF M3>0 THEN 1275
1267 D2=P[L.6]*I0+4*P[L,7]
1275 IF D2>D3 THEN 1295
1268 PRINT "MODE NED IMAGES WITH OVERLAPING TIMES."
1275 IF D2>D3 THEN 1295
1269 PRINT "MODE ONLY."
1276 D2=PL4*INT(OD1+40)*60)*DIH4*0
1286 D3=D2
1287 PRINT "MODE ONLY."
1277 D2=P[L.6]*I0+4*P[L,7]
1277 IF D2>D3 THEN 1295
1260 PRINT "MODE ONLY."
1277 D2=PL4*INT(OD1+40)*60)*DIH4*0
1286 D3=D2
1289 GOTO 1335
1295 J3=0
1296 GOTO 1325
1297 J3=0
1296 GOTO 1325
1297 J3=0
1395 GOTO 1325
1395 PRINT "WARRING: DCS IMAGE WITH HIGH DATA RATE CMD."
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   TOTAL BITS THIS MODE:";
     599 GOTO 1345
995 H9=15
1000 GOTO 1085
1001 GOTO 1085
1010 GOTO 1085
1011 GOTO 1085
1015 H9=17
1020 GOTO 1085
1025 H9=H4
1030 GOTO 1085
1035 IF HS=1 THEN 1050
1035 IF HS=1 THEN 1050
1035 IF HS=1 THEN 1070
1055 IF H4=1 THEN 1070
1055 IF H4=2 THEN 1080
1050 IF H4=1 THEN 1080
1050 IF H4=1 THEN 1080
1050 H9=17
1055 GOTO 1085
1070 H9=15
1075 GOTO 1085
1076 H9=16
1085 K1=0.04
1085 K1=0.04
1085 K1=0.04
1085 K1=0.04
1095 IF HS=0 RH4=8 OR H4=13 THEN 1120
1105 IF HS=0 RH4=8 HS HS=0 THEN 1130
1105 IF HS=0 RH5=0 THEN 1130
1115 HS=0 RH5=0 THEN 1130
1125 HS=0 THEN 1145
1135 B1=(H7-H6)+3413/K1+(250+15750+H3)+(H1+(PC100+1)+PC100+21/10)+PC100+31/100)
86 INTERFACE AGE
```

```
1745 F(I,J]=G2
1750 NEXT I
1755 NEXT I
1755 NEXT I
1755 NEXT I
1755 NEXT I
1756 POR J=4 TO 5
1761 FOR I=8 TO 20
1762 MS=3*21+11-19
1763 IF M5)144 THEN 1775
1764 FOR K=4 TO 5
1765 IF P(IMS,K]=0 THEN 1769
1766 M4=155-65*P(IMS,3)+P(IMS,K)
1767 K1=1*2*4K-3
1768 F(IK,J)=P(IM+,6]
1769 NEXT K
1770 NEXT I
1771 NEXT J
1775 POR J=6 TO 11
1780 FOR I=6 TO 1
1780 FOR I=6 TO 1
1785 MS=3*8+1+97
1798 IF M5)186 THEN 1860
1795 H1=F(IMS,4]*18-05*P(IMS,5)
1880 FOR I=6 TO 7
1815 G6=10*T(H1)10*K)
1820 G6=G6=INT(GG-10)*10
1825 IF G6=0 THEN 1845
1835 MSEXT J
1860 N=0
1861 SEXT K
1855 NEXT J
1860 N=0
1870 FOR L=1 TO 99
1871 H9=P(L,2)-10*INT(P(L,2)/10)
1872 H7-(P(L,4)-P(L,3))-(10*(1+2*(H9=3)))
1872 H7-(P(L,4)-P(L,3))-(10*(1+2*(H9=3)))
1875 FOR J=1 TO 3
1880 FOR I=1 TO 34
1885 IF L#F(I,J] THEN 1915
1890 H1=I+54*(J-I)
1990 H3=1
1990 H3=1
1990 H3=7
1990 H3=7
1990 FOR I=162 TO 169
1993 FOR I=100 A1
1995 H4=4*INT(P(I+1,8]/10000)+37
1990 H3=7
1990 H3=7
1990 FOR J=4 TO 5
1995 M4=45
1990 FOR I=162 TO 169
1993 FOR I=100 A2
1995 H3=7
1995 M3=7
1995 M5=7
1996 M5 I=174 TO 185
20040 IF L=P(I,6) THEN 2055
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  CYC PRE PST"
```

```
2045 NEXT I
2050 GOTO 215
2055 M449
2056 M5=1
2060 IF 1)176 AND I(180 THEN 2075
2060 IF 1)176 AND I(180 THEN 2075
2060 IF 1)176 AND I(180 THEN 2075
2075 FOR J=6 TO 11
2080 FOR J=6 TO 11
2080 FOR J=6 TO 11
2080 FOR J=6 TO 14
2080 FOR J=1 TO 48
2085 IF LEF(I,J)] THEN 2125
2090 M1=97+INT((J-1)×6)+J=8
2095 IF H)186 THEN 2135
2125 NEXT J
2130 NEXT J
2130 NEXT J
2130 NEXT J
2130 NEXT J
2131 NEXT J
2130 NE
                               3066 R[101,5]=C[101,5]
3070 IF Z[7]K0.5 THEN 3090
```

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```
3075 IF Z[7]<1.5 THEN 3120
3080 G=Z[7]-1
3085 GOTO 3115
3090 DISP "SOURCE?";
3090 INPUT B$
```

```
3770 IF H2>0.5 THEN 3810
3775 G1=CCH3,61-3168
37760 UI 13=INT(G1/6)
3785 H7=1
3790 G0SUB 3980
3795 H7=6
3800 PRINT " "; J$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \)$\( \
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           ";D$[38,46];B$[1,Y1]
```

```
3945 G=1
3950 UI 6]=12+UI 4]+5*G*(3-I)
3950 UI 6]=12+UI 4]+5*G*(3-I)
3952 UI 7]=5*UI 4]-4
3960 GOSUB 3990
3962 IF H7-6 THEN 3965
3963 B$(Y1,Y1)="*"
3965 IF H2>0.5 THEN 3880
3970 PRINT "FROM "iD$(9,16);B$(1,Y1)
3975 GOTO 3830
3985 POR I!=1 TO H7
3990 Y1=Y1+1
3990 Y1=Y1+1
4000 B$(Y1,Y1)="-"
4005 Y1=Y1+1
4010 M1=0
4050 M5(Y1,Y1)="-"
4015 M8=H8S(UII))+200*(I1=1 AND (H7=1 OR H7=7) AND (G1=0 OF G1=1))
4020 IF M8:(0.05 THEN 4125
4025 M2=0
4030 IF 10*M8-INT(M8)*10<0.05 THEN 4040
4035 M2=1
4040 FOR K1=1 TO 5
      4025 M2-0
4030 M2-1
4030 M2-1
4040 F 10*M0-INT(M8)*10(0.05 THEN 4040
4035 M2-1
4040 FOR K1=1 TO 5
4045 IF M2(8.5 RND K1)*4 THEN 4105
4055 G=[-10*INT(G/10)
4050 IF M2(8.5 OR K1(5 THEN 4075
4055 G=[-10*INT(G/10)
4050 IF M2(8.5 OR K1(5 THEN 4075
4055 B2*(Y1)*1]="."
4078 Y1=Y1+1
4078 Y1=Y1+1
4078 IF C0.5 RND M1(1 RND K1(4.5 THEN 4100
4058 B2*(Y1)*Y1]=E$*(G,G]
4090 M1=1
```

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```
CIRCLE INQUIRY NO. 56

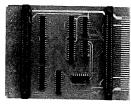
4100 NEXT K1
4105 B$f(Y1,Y1)=","
4110 NEXT K1
4115 Y1=Y1-1
4120 RETURN
4125 B$f(Y1,Y1+1)="0,"
4130 Y1=Y1-1
4120 RETURN
4135 GOTO 4110
4140 H7=1
4140 H7=1
4145 IF H1=1 RND H2=1 THEN 4210
4150 IF H1=1 RND H2=0 THEN 4270
4155 IF CH3y1]+CH3,21/10
4155 GOSUB 3980
4170 IF H1>0.5 THEN 4195
4175 PRINT "TO ";D$f(60,67];B$f(1,Y1)
4180 D9=D9+2
4185 FRINT "TO ";D$f(60,67];B$f(1,Y1)
4280 PRINT "TO ";D$f(60,67];B$f(1,Y1)
4280 PRINT "TO ";D$f(60,67];B$f(1,Y1)
4281 FRINT "FRH4,1]+R[H4,2]/10
4282 GOSUB 3980
4225 IF H1>0.5 THEN 4250
4270 IF CH3)
4275 IF CH3,1]+CH3,2]/10*R[H4,1]+R[H4,2]/10 THEN 4215
4250 PRINT "FROM ";D$f(60,67];B$f(1,Y1)
4255 PRINT "FROM ";D$f(60,67);B$f(1,Y1)
4255 PRINT ";D$f(47,59);B$f(1,Y1)
4260 PB]-99+3
4260 FRINT ";D$f(47,59);B$f(1,Y1)
4360 PRINT ";D$f(47,59);B$f(1,Y1)
4360 PB]-90+1
4360 PB]-90+1
                                                  4298 Uf11=CtH3;3]/108
4295 GOSUB 3980
4295 GOSUB 3980
4308 IF H1>8.5 THEN 4320
4308 IF H1>8.5 THEN 4320
4308 IF H1>8.5 THEN 4320
4308 JPRINT ";D$[47,59];B$[1,Y1]
4318 D9=D9+1
4318 GOTO 4408
4320 PRINT " TO ";D$[47,59];B$[1,Y1]
4325 PRINT
4336 D9=D9+3
4340 IF R[H4;3]/108
4354 Uf1]=R[H4;3]/108
4355 GOSUB 3980
4355 IF H1>8.5 THEN 4475
4360 PRINT ";D$[47,59];B$[1,Y1]
4365 D9=D9+1
4366 PRINT ";D$[47,59];B$[1,Y1]
4365 D9=D9+1
4370 GOTO 4408
4375 PRINT "FROM ";D$[47,59];B$[1,Y1]
4380 PRINT "4880 PRIN
                                                                                                     4440 M4=M3+10
4445 J=0
```

```
4459 FOR L=1 TO CLISINS ON CCL.610H4 THEN 4475
4455 FF CLISING ON CCL.610H4 THEN 4475
4456 FF ListCL.61
4456 FF ListCL.63
4576 FF CLISING ON CCL.610H3
4585 FF CLISING ON CCL.610H3
4586 FF CLISING ON CCL.610H3
4587 FF CLISING ON CCL.610H3
4588 FF CLISING ON CCL.610H3
4588 FF CLISING ON CCL.610H3
4589 FF CLISING ON CCL.610H3
4589 FF CLISING ON CCL.610H3
4580 FF CLISING ON CCL.61
```

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