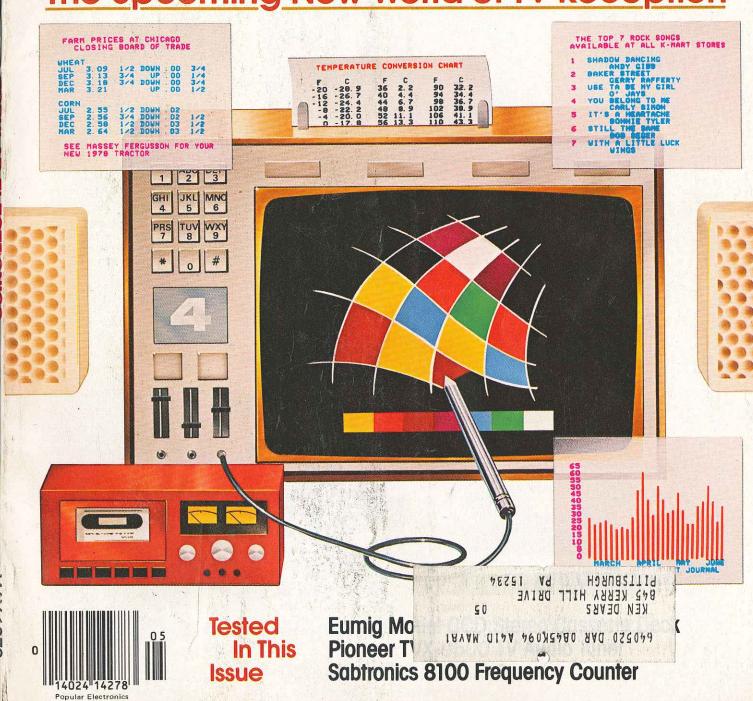
## Popular Electronics<sup>®</sup>

WORLD'S LARGEST- SELLING ELECTRONICS MAGAZINE

MAY 1979/\$1.25

PE Tests New "Sonic Hologram" Preamp
Open Refrigerator-Door Alarm Saves Energy
Build an R-F Impedance Bridge

## The Upcoming New World of TV Reception



## Microcomputer Video Board Buying Directory

Make & Model	Price <sup>1</sup> (\$)	Pow	ver Required (mA) <sup>2</sup> +16V	-16V	ASCII <sup>3</sup> char set	Char per line	Lines	Graphics	Remarks <sup>4</sup>
S-100									
CGRS Microtech VB1B	130 (k) 170 (w)					64	16	128x48	Chars & graphics mixable.
Dynabyte Naked Terminal (VT801-1)	350 (w)	1.8A			128	80	24		BC, RV, AC, S; block-mode edit; KB interface; port-addressed, no driver software needed.
Electronic Systs. 6400	39 (b)	1.5A	10	30	128	64	16		BC, RV, AC.
IMSAI Basic VIO	190 (k) 335 (w)				96	80, 40	24 or 12	160	1K refresh memory; upper-case only (char set includes graphics chars); all standard screen formats exc. 80x24. 2K memory, all formats.
VIO-A VIO-B VIO-C VIO-AC VIO-BC VIO-CC	275 (k) 405 (w) 275 (k) 405 (w) 325 (k) 465 (w) 60 (k) 60 (k)				u/I u 96	80, 40	24 or 12	160	2K ROM firmware, all formats.  2K refresh memory; upper/lower-case; ROM firmware; all standard screen formats. Converts VIO-A to VIO-C. Converts VIO-B to VIO-C. Converts Basic VIO to VIO-C.
Interactive Micro Systems IMS64-100	225 (w)	X	x	X	128	32, 64	16	color*	*BC, RV, AC; optional 64x64, 16-color graphics; 6802 intelligence.
Ithaca Audio SVPM	25 (b)				128	64	16	no	BC, RV, AC.
Jade Computer JG-VB1B	35 (b) 100 (k) 150 (w)	2A			128	32, 64	16	128x48	BC, RV, AC; Erase to end-of-line; scroll; Greek chars,
Micro Diversions Screen-splitter	329 (k) 429 (w)	1,5A	ie.		128	86, 96	40	yes	BC, RV, AC; up to 3440 independent text "windows APL, Sci. & graphics character sets avail.; user-programmable char sets.
MSD-Micro Syst. De MSDV-100	285 (k) 385 (k)	600	20	50	96	80	24	graph, char,	5x9 matrix for alpha, 6x10 for graphics & connected chars., 32 graphics chars on ROM; gray scale; scrolling register; underline; programmable timer; 2 boards; BC, AV, AC.
Polymorphic VTI	210 (k) 280 (w)	1.6A	30	20	96	32, 64	16	64 (or 128) x48	Requires 2.5 MHz CRT bandwidth for 32-char line or 64-cell graphic line, 5.5 MHz for 64 char or 128-cell.
Processor Tech. VDM-1	199 (k) 295 (w)		(Mark	recu	u/1	64	16	no	BC, RV, AC, S.
Solid State Music VB1B	150 (k)	1.4A	30	15	128	64	16	128×48	'RV, AC; composite & non-composite video.
VAMP Polygragfix	245* (w)	1011417	on the con- ty must use t got all thinks			• 64	16	128-cell	*RV; 128 user-programmable char; piggy-back up- grade for Polymorphics VTI-64 card; \$525 w/VTI- 64.

Make & Model	Price <sup>1</sup> (\$)	+8V	wer Requir (mA) <sup>2</sup> +16V	red -16V	ASCII <sup>3</sup> char set	Char per line	Lines	Graphics	Remarks <sup>4</sup>
<b>Vector Graphic</b> Flashwriter	235 (w)	1.2A			128	64	16	128x48	RV; ½-intensity; keyboard port; composite or separate video and sync.
Western Data Systs. Pro/Ex 1	296 (k)	2A	125	125	64	40	24	block	BC, RV, AC; with on-board r-f modulator, plus 8K 2716 EPROM, MICROBUG OS.
Make & Model	Price <sup>1</sup> (\$)	Power Required (mA) <sup>2</sup> +8V +12V12V		ASCII <sup>3</sup> char set	Char per line	Lines	Graphics	Remarks <sup>4</sup>	
SS-50									
F&D Associates VDB-1	29 (b)		ediaund grazoro grazoro	2 2000 1 2000 1 2000 1 2000	u	32, 64	16	no	RV, AC; can be modified for lower case; 6800 software for scroll; erase, etc.
Gimix VID VID2	198 (w) 298 (w)	X	X 14 A	X X	64 256	64 80	16 24	no 640x384	BC, AC, BC, RV, AC; programmable char set; half-inten- sity; Eur. option.
Interactive Micro	225 (w)	X	X	x	128	32, 64	16	64x64	BC, RV, AC; 16-color, 64x64 color option; 6802 intelligence on-board.
Xitan VDB	369 (w)				96	80	25	160x75	Buffer memory holds two pages; keyboard port; lower-case descenders; 64 graphics chars; BC,

1. (b)=bare boards, (k)=kit, (w)=wired.

157 (k)

- 2. in amps where indicated by "A".
- 3. u=upper case; l=lower case.

SCT-100

4. AC=Addressable Cursor; BC=Blinking Character; RV=Reverse Video; S=Scrolling.

## LINE-VOLTAGE COMPENSATOR

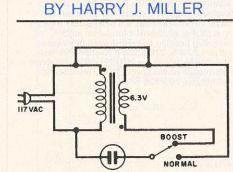
16

128\*

Boosts the power-supply voltage when it drops too low

In areas where low power-line voltage is common, a filament transformer can be used as a voltage booster. A 6.3-volt transformer can be used as shown in the figure. When the switch is placed in the BOOST position, the transformer acts as an autotransformer, increasing the voltage across the socket terminals by about 6 volts. When selecting a filament transformer for this application, determine how much current in amperes the load will draw. Then select a transformer whose secondary winding can safely handle this load current.

The dots shown near the transformer denote phasing of the windings. If you



With the switch in BOOST, line voltage is raised about 6V.

do not know how the transformer is phased, you can determine this experimentally. Connect the secondary wires one way, power the circuit, place the switch in the BOOST position and measure the voltage across the power socket. If it is higher than the line voltage (the voltage across the primary), the transformer has been wired correctly. If the voltage across the socket is less than the line voltage, reverse the secondary wires. If the transformer has been incorrectly wired with respect to phase, it acts as a "bucking" autotransformer which has a lower output voltage than it has input voltage.

RV, AC.

\*Stand-alone, uses only 8V and ground from S-100 bus, interfaces via ports; ASCII or Baudot I/O; char set includes some Greek,

graphics chars; part kit \$95.